

A stylized illustration of an acoustic guitar, rendered in shades of teal and dark green. The guitar is positioned vertically, with the neck at the top and the body below. The fretboard has white frets and two white dots on the neck. The soundhole is a large circle with a smaller circle inside. The bridge is at the bottom with six white dots representing the bridge pins. The background is a light teal color with a subtle, mottled texture.

DIEZ OBRAS PARA GUITARRA SOLISTA



Universidad de **Nariño**
EDITORIAL UNIVERSITARIA

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

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SOLISTA**

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Chamorro Jiménez, Rolando

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ARREGLOS PARA GUITARRA SOLISTA

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INTRODUCCIÓN

Como docente investigador comprometido con la formación integral de los educandos, desde el instrumento principal guitarra, aprovechando todas las posibilidades armónicas y melódicas que nos brinda este cordófono, me es de mucha satisfacción continuar contribuyendo con el enriquecimiento del repertorio colombiano y latinoamericano, para ser interpretado de manera solista en cualquier escenario de Colombia y el Mundo.

Como ya se hizo con la serie didáctica “COLOMBIA Y ECUADOR EN SEIS CUERDAS DE GUITARRA, Recital 1, 2 y 3, necesariamente nuestro instrumentista, para abordar este material, debió interiorizar el estudio consciente de los fundamentos técnicos operativos del instrumento, entre escalas, arpeggios, articulaciones, desplazamientos, lo referente a análisis y formas musicales, lectura de materiales propios del instrumento de todos los periodos, conocimientos que le permiten tener un desempeño profesional al momento de ejecutar cada una de las obras.

Un agradecimiento a todo mi equipo de trabajo entre estudiantes y docentes, los cuales con sus apreciaciones y aportes constructivos han sabido intensificar en mí, el deseo de continuar incansablemente con esta tarea de producción académica, que tantas satisfacciones me produce. Así mismo, a la universidad de Nariño, institución que a través del sistema de publicaciones enaltece nuestra labor.

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

PRESENTACIÓN

Desde el siglo XX la guitarra acústica de seis cuerdas se ha instalado en las preferencias de músicos empíricos y profesionales, trascendiendo las barreras sociales y generacionales y trazando un puente entre los ámbitos académicos y populares, irreconciliables en períodos históricos anteriores. Desde la segunda mitad del Siglo XIX, ha surgido un volumen considerable de creaciones musicales concebidas para este instrumento, procedentes de diferentes países y de estéticas disímiles. Colombia no es ajena al auge de la guitarra de los últimos dos siglos. Este instrumento también ha sido testigo de los intrincados procesos de mestizaje cultural donde vieron su nacimiento varios de los ritmos que hoy consideramos patrimoniales del folclor colombiano.

El Maestro Chamorro vierte todos sus años de experiencia en esta publicación, además de sus múltiples competencias en su reconocido ejercicio como músico profesional. Ha sido galardonado con varios premios de composición, es arreglista, productor y ha consolidado su carrera como guitarrista clásico, como intérprete de boleros, de músicas tradicionales colombianas, de América y el mundo.

Las piezas escogidas nos permiten el tránsito sonoro de extremo a extremo en nuestro continente americano. El tango profano del cono sur, la balada americana versionada en bolero, la balada pop que hizo parte de la banda sonora de la película “Saturday Night Fever”. El pasillo andino y el pasaje llanero, ritmos hermanados en su naturaleza métrica y por un mismo territorio trasnacional (El llano oriental colombiano y occidental venezolano). El bambuco, ritmo emblemático de las montañas de nuestro país que no podía quedar por fuera de este catálogo. Tal y como lo hizo el paraguayo Agustín Barrios Mangoré, el Maestro Chamorro incluyó una versión de una canción de navidad colombiana.

Este documento es un valioso aporte al mundo de la guitarra, consecuente a las profundas transformaciones que ha sufrido en los últimos tiempos. Diez obras como los diez dedos de las manos del guitarrista, para quien esté presto a estudiar este repertorio y volar a los mundos del universo sonoro de las seis cuerdas.

SOFÍA ELENA SÁNCHEZ MESSIER

Maestra en Música con énfasis en composición y arreglos

Universidad Distrital Francisco José de Caldas

PRESENTATION

Since the twentieth century the six-string acoustic guitar has been installed in the preferences of empirical and professional musicians, transcending social and generational barriers and drawing a bridge between academic and popular areas, irreconcilable in previous historical periods. Since the second half of the 19th century, a considerable volume of musical creations has emerged, all them conceived for this instrument, coming from different countries and dissimilar aesthetics. Colombia is not stranger to the guitar boom of the last two centuries. This instrument has also witnessed the intricate processes of cultural miscegenation where several of the rhythms that today we consider heritage of Colombian folklore saw its birth.

Master Chamorro pours all his years of experience in this publication, in addition to his multiple skills in his well-known practice as a professional musician. He has been awarded several composition awards, he is arranger, producer and has consolidated his career as a classical guitarist, as an interpreter of boleros, of traditional Colombian music, from America and the world.

The chosen pieces allow us the sound transit from end to end in our American continent. The profane tango of the southern cone, the American ballad versioned in bolero, the pop ballad that was part of the soundtrack of the film "Saturday Night Fever". The Pasillo Andino and the Pasaje Llanero, rhythms twinned in their metric nature and by the same transnational territory (The Eastern Colombian and Western Venezuelan plain). The Bambuco, the emblematic rhythm of the mountains of our country that could not be outside of this catalog. As Paraguayan Agustín Barrios Mangoré did, the Maestro Chamorro included a version of a Colombian Christmas song.

This document is a valuable contribution to the guitar world, as a result of the profound transformations that have occurred in recent times. Ten works like the ten fingers of the guitarist's hands, for who is ready to study this repertoire and fly to the worlds of the six - string sound universe.

SOFÍA ELENA SÁNCHEZ MESSIER

Music teacher with an emphasis on composition and arrangement

Universidad Distrital Francisco José de Caldas

**DIEZ OBRAS PARA GUITARRA
SOLISTA**

A mis hijos María José, Jéssica María,
Rolando de Jesús, Manuel Alejandro.

A los estudiantes de
guitarra del Departamento de Música
de la Universidad de Nariño.

DIEZ OBRAS PARA GUITARRA SOLISTA

Maestro: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez
Universidad de Nariño
Pasto – Colombia

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ROLANDO CHAMORRO JIMÉNEZ

Músico, compositor, arreglista y productor musical nacido en Ricaurte - Nariño - Colombia.

Estudios

- Maestro en música y guitarra egresado de la Pontificia Universidad Javeriana de Bogotá.
- Magister en Educación, de la Universidad de Nariño.
- Estudios de música colombiana y latinoamericana en la Academia Luis A. Calvo de Bogotá.
- Estudios de inglés en Centro Colombo - Aamericano de Bogotá.

Premios

- Gran premio “Príncipes de la Canción Garzón y Collazos” - Ibagué 1998.
- Primer puesto concurso “Jorge Villamil Cordovéz” con la obra “Nos gusta vivir así” - Neiva 1998.
- Primer puesto Festival Universitario “Fesucanto” con la obra “Muy nariñense” - Manizales 2004.
- Mejor requinto de Colombia “Mangostino de Oro” – Mariquita (Tolima) 2009.
- Gran premio “Mono Núñez” con el Cuarteto Colombia y Consuelo López - Ginebra 2006.

Conciertos

- Biblioteca Luis Ángel Arango – Bogotá.
- Auditorio Universidad del Tolima.
- Teatro Jorge Eliécer Gaitán – Bogotá.
- Teatro Municipal – Cali.
- Teatro Imperial – Pasto.
- Auditorios Luis Carlos Galán y Pablo Sexto, Universidad Javeriana – Bogotá.
- Club San Fernando – Cali.
- Auditorio Universidad del Cauca.
- Planetario Distrital – Bogotá.
- Auditorio Sayco – Bogotá.
- Club del Comercio – Pasto.
- Auditorio Luis Santander Benavides - Universidad de Nariño.

Como arreglista y productor musical

- Trio Martino C.D. 1987.
- Música tradicional del Amazonas “Arbeláez y Ramírez”1988.
- Trio los Tres – 1993.
- Villamil tradicional -1998.
- Dueto Tradiciones – 1998.
- Por ti Colombia - Dueto Tradiciones -1999.
- Sabor a miel -Trio Cantoral – 2000.
- Vieja luna- Trio Cantoral – 2002.
- Amada mía-Trio Cantoral – 2004.
- Locura mía-Jaime Enríquez – 2005.
- Muy nariñense - Consuelo López – 2006.
- Cantoral de rumba- Trio Cantoral – 2007.
- Consuelo López - Johana Coral – 2007.
- Te quiero -Trio Cantoral – 2009.
- Julio Cesar Villota - El Emperador – 2012.
- Vanesa Montenegro-Soy- 2012.
- Nuestra música campesina de frack – 2013.
- Mujeres románticas – Boleros – 2013.
- Trio Cantoral Instrumental – 2017.

Publicaciones

- Colombia y Ecuador en seis cuerdas de guitarra. Recital 1.
- Colombia y Ecuador en seis cuerdas de guitarra. Recital 2.
- Colombia y Ecuador en seis cuerdas de guitarra. Recital 3.
- Nueve obras colombianas para coro mixto.
- Diez obras para pre-orquesta de cuerdas sinfónicas.

Como Docente

- Docente de la cátedra de Guitarra, Universidad Javeriana – 1995.
- Docente de la cátedra de Guitarra, Academia Superior de Artes de Bogotá ASAB - 1995 – 1998.
- Talleres de Guitarra funcional en Confamiliar, Sena, Universidad Cooperativa, Cesmag y Secretaria de Cultura de Pasto.
2002 – 2010.
- Docente de la cátedra de Guitarra, en la Universidad de Nariño desde el 2005 hasta la fecha.

Señora María Rosa

(pasillo)

Efraín Orozco
Arreglo para guitarra:
Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

6= D

♩=87

The score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, key of D minor (one flat). It consists of five systems of music, each with a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The first system (measures 1-4) is marked *f* and includes guitar chords C.III and C.II. The second system (measures 5-8) is marked *mf* and includes chords C.III and C.I. The third system (measures 9-12) is marked *f* and includes chord C.I. The fourth system (measures 13-16) is marked *f* and includes chord C.II. The fifth system (measures 17-20) is marked *f* and includes chords C.III and C.II. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. Accents and slurs are used for phrasing. A double bar line with repeat dots is used at the end of the piece.

C.III

Gtr. *mf*

Gtr. *rit. f*

Gtr. *a tempo*

Gtr. *f* *mf*

Gtr. *C.VII*

Gtr. *C.VII*

Lento C.X

Gtr. 34 *f*

Gtr. 37 C.II

Gtr. 40 C.II *mf* *mf*

Gtr. 43 *p*

The image shows a guitar score for the piece 'Señora María Rosa'. It consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts at measure 34 with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a tempo marking of 'Lento'. The music features a mix of chords and single notes with various fingerings (e.g., 3, 1, #, 2, 3, 4, 0, 1, 1, 2, #, 3, 4, #, 4, 3, 4, #). A dynamic marking of 'f' is present. The second staff starts at measure 37 and includes a 'C.II' marking. It continues with similar musical notation and fingerings. The third staff starts at measure 40 and includes a 'C.II' marking and two first endings. The first ending leads back to measure 40, and the second ending leads to a double bar line. Dynamic markings of 'mf' are used. The fourth staff starts at measure 43 and features a 'p' dynamic marking. The score concludes with a final chord and a double bar line.

A mi manera

(Bolero)

6=D

Claude François
Arreglo para guitarra:
Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Guitar

mf *add libitum*

CII

CII

f

CVII

arm 12

arm 7

CII

mf *a tempo*

CII

CV

CII

11

Musical score for guitar, measures 13-23. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings.

Measures 13-14: Measure 13 starts with a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) on the treble staff and a bass line with notes G2, F#1, E1. Measure 14 continues with a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a bass line with notes D1, C#1, B0. A dynamic marking of *f* is present.

Measures 15-16: Measure 15 features a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a bass line with notes G2, F#1, E1. Measure 16 continues with a triplet of eighth notes (C#, E, G) and a bass line with notes D1, C#1, B0. A dynamic marking of *f* is present.

Measures 17-18: Measure 17 starts with a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a bass line with notes G2, F#1, E1. Measure 18 continues with a triplet of eighth notes (C#, E, G) and a bass line with notes D1, C#1, B0. A dynamic marking of *f* is present.

Measures 19-20: Measure 19 features a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a bass line with notes G2, F#1, E1. Measure 20 continues with a triplet of eighth notes (C#, E, G) and a bass line with notes D1, C#1, B0. A dynamic marking of *mf* is present.

Measures 21-22: Measure 21 starts with a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a bass line with notes G2, F#1, E1. Measure 22 continues with a triplet of eighth notes (C#, E, G) and a bass line with notes D1, C#1, B0. A dynamic marking of *mf* is present.

Measures 23-24: Measure 23 features a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a bass line with notes G2, F#1, E1. Measure 24 continues with a triplet of eighth notes (C#, E, G) and a bass line with notes D1, C#1, B0. A dynamic marking of *f* is present.

25

27

29

31

33

35

Volver

(tango)

Carlos Gardel
Arreglo para guitarra:
Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

6=D

♩=112

Guitar

mf add libitum *a tempo*

add libitum *f*

4 7 10 13

C.V C.I C.VIII C.VIII C.III C.III C.V C.II C.III C.VII

16 *p* C.X ② 4 Φ.X ① 4 3

19 C.III C.IV *mf* ③ ②

22 C.II Φ.II C.III 3 ④

25 *p* ③ ④ ⑤

28 C.III C.II ② C.VII ② 3 4 *mf*

31 C.IX C.VII C.IX C.VII Φ.V 3 *f*

Detailed description: This musical score is for guitar, spanning measures 16 to 34. It is written in a single system with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piece is titled 'Volver'. The score is divided into six systems of music. The first system (measures 16-18) starts with a dynamic marking of *p* (piano) and includes chords C.X and Φ.X. The second system (measures 19-21) features chords C.III and C.IV, with a dynamic marking of *mf* (mezzo-forte). The third system (measures 22-24) includes chords C.II, Φ.II, and C.III. The fourth system (measures 25-27) starts with a dynamic marking of *p* and includes chords C.III and C.IV. The fifth system (measures 28-30) features chords C.III, C.II, C.VII, and Φ.V. The sixth system (measures 31-34) includes chords C.IX, C.VII, and Φ.V, ending with a dynamic marking of *f* (forte). The score contains various guitar techniques such as triplets, slurs, and fingering numbers (1-4) for the left hand. Measure numbers 16, 19, 22, 25, 28, and 31 are indicated at the beginning of their respective systems.

34

3

C.II

Φ.II

C.III

37

②

1.

2.

mf

mf

f

Invernal

(pasillo)

Nicasio Safadi-

José María Egas

Arreglo para guitarra:

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

♩=94

Guitar

The score is written for guitar in 3/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of six systems of music, each with a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The first system starts with a *mf* dynamic and includes a C.III barre. The second system starts with a *f* dynamic. The third system starts with a *mf* dynamic. The fourth system starts with a *f* dynamic. The fifth system starts with a *f* dynamic. The sixth system starts with a *p* dynamic and includes a C.III barre. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 on the fingers and 0 for the open string. Circled numbers 2 and 5 indicate specific fingering points. The score includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

C.III

mf

f

mf

f

C.III

p

Invernal

19 C.II C.VIII

mf ⑤ 0

22 C.III C.I

3 2 3

25 C.III

f

28 C.III

p

31 C.III

f

34 C.III

⑤

37 C.III

mf 2 3 3

Farolitos

(bambuco)

Flavio Enríquez Santander Lora

Arreglo para guitarra:

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

♩.=103

Guitar

f

C.III

mf

C.III

f

C.III

f

C.III

mf

C.I

16

Musical staff 16-18: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Staff 16 contains a melodic line with eighth notes and a bass line with chords. Staff 17 continues the melody with a slur over the final two notes. Staff 18 shows a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Fingering numbers 2, 4, 0, 2, 3 are visible below the bass line.

19

Musical staff 19-21: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Staff 19 contains a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 20 continues the melody with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 21 shows a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Fingering numbers 1, 3, 2, 4, 0, 1, 1, 0, 4 are visible below the bass line. A dynamic marking *f* is present below the staff.

C.I

22

Musical staff 22-24: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Staff 22 contains a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 23 continues the melody with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 24 shows a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Fingering numbers 1, 3, 2, 4, 0, 1, 4, 1 are visible below the bass line. A dynamic marking *mf* is present below the staff.

25

Musical staff 25-28: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Staff 25 contains a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 26 continues the melody with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 27 shows a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 28 shows a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Fingering numbers 1, 1, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 2, 0 are visible below the bass line. A dynamic marking *p* is present below the staff. A first ending bracket is above the staff.

C.III

C.III

29

Musical staff 29-31: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Staff 29 contains a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 30 continues the melody with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 31 shows a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Fingering numbers 0, 3 are visible below the bass line. A dynamic marking *f* is present below the staff. A dynamic marking *p* is present below the staff.

32

Musical staff 32-34: Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Staff 32 contains a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 33 continues the melody with a slur and a bass line with chords. Staff 34 shows a melodic line with a slur and a bass line with chords. Fingering number 1 is visible below the bass line. A dynamic marking *f* is present below the staff.

35 *mf* C.I

38 *f* C.I

41 *mf*

44

Pasillo No. 1

(pasillo)

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Arreglo para guitarra:

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

♩=80

Guitar

The score is written for guitar in treble clef, key of D major (one sharp), and 3/4 time. It consists of five systems of music. The first system starts with a *mf* dynamic and includes a repeat sign. The second system features a *f* dynamic and includes fingering numbers (1-4) and circled numbers 3 and 4. The third system includes circled numbers 5 and 6. The fourth system includes circled numbers 2 and 3, and dynamics *mf*. The fifth system includes circled numbers 1 and 2, and dynamics *mf*. Chord diagrams are labeled C.III, C.II, C.IX, and C.VII. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and accents.

C.III

15

1. 2.

Allegro

C.V

18

3 1 1 2

f

C.III

C.III

21

4 3 2 #1 3 4

24

1 4 3 0 1 4 3 4 1 4 3 4 1 4

mf

C.IX

C.IX

C.VII

27

4 3 4 1 4 3 4 1 5 4 3 2 1

C.V

30

3 4 2 2 3 3 4 2

33

4 3 2 1 4 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 3 2 1

p

Pasillo No. 1

36

4 3 4 4 2 3

1 3 2 3 2

C.II

39

C.II

4 3 4 3 2 2

3 ⑥ 2 2 1 2

42

mf

4 4 4 4 1 3 2 1

45

4 4 4 4 1 3 3

C.I C.II

48

f

Arm.12

mf

51

C.III

4 1 1

2 2 2

3 0 3 4 3 0

54

f

4 1 0

Alma llanera

(pasaje)

Pedro Elías Gutiérrez
Arreglo para guitarra:
Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

♩=160

Guitar

The score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, with a tempo of 160 beats per minute. It consists of five systems of music, each with a treble clef staff and a bass staff. The first system (measures 1-4) starts with a *mf* dynamic. The second system (measures 5-8) features a *f* dynamic in measure 5 and a *mf* dynamic in measure 7. The third system (measures 9-12) has a *f* dynamic in measure 9 and a *p* dynamic in measure 12. The fourth system (measures 13-16) has a *f* dynamic in measure 13. The fifth system (measures 17-20) has a *f* dynamic in measure 17. The score includes various guitar techniques such as triplets, slurs, and fingering numbers (1-4). Chord diagrams are indicated by letters like C.V, C.III, and C.IX. A circled number 5 is present in measure 20.

C.IX

21

mf

25

mf

29

33

p

37

mf

41

f

45

mf

49

p

53

f *p*

57

mf *f*

61

mf

65

mf

⑥

69 *f*

C.II C.IX C.VII

④ ⑤ ⑥

73 *mf*

C.VII C.V C.VII

④ ②

77 *f* *f*

C.III C.I C.II

Carnaval de la vida

(pasillo)

Mercedes Silva Echanique
Arreglo para guitarra:
Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

♩=82

Guitar

The score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, with a tempo of 82 beats per minute. It consists of four systems of music. The first system (measures 1-4) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It features a melody in the treble clef and a bass line in the bass clef. Chords are indicated by letters C.IV and C.VII. The second system (measures 5-8) continues the melody and bass line, with chords C.VII, C.VIII, and arm.XII. The third system (measures 9-12) includes a double bar line and a change in key signature to two sharps (F# and C#). Chords C.III are indicated. The fourth system (measures 13-16) continues the piece, with chords C.III and a circled number 6 at the end. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*.

mf

f

mf

f

mf

21

25

arm.XII

f

29

C.II

mf

33

C.VII

C.VII

C.VII

C.VII

mf

37

C.VII

♯.II

C.III

p

41

♯.I

mf

p

Musical score for measures 45-48. Measure 45 starts with a treble clef and a *rit.* marking. The first staff contains a whole note chord of G4 and B4. The second staff contains a dotted quarter note G3. Measure 46 contains a whole note chord of G4 and B4. The second staff contains a dotted quarter note G3. Measure 47 contains a whole note chord of G4, B4, and D5. The second staff contains a dotted quarter note G3. Measure 48 contains a whole note chord of G4, B4, and D5. The second staff contains a dotted quarter note G3. A bracket above the first staff spans measures 45-48, with a '2.' marking above it, indicating a second ending.

6=D

♩ = 110

How deep is your love

(balada rock)

The Bee Gees
Arreglo para guitarra:
Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Guitar

3

mf

5

7

9

11

13

f

How deep is your love

15 C.V

mf

17 C.IX C.VII

② ⑥

19

f

21

Arm.12

23 A B C.II

mf

25

4 4

27

3 2

How deep is your love

29 $\phi.V$ C.II f

31 C.IV C.II C.V- -

33 $\phi.II$ mf Repite y A

35 A f

37 mf

39 f

41 f

57 ♩.VII 3 ♩.III ♩.II

f

59 3 2 0 6 6

mf

62 6

f

64 6

f

66 6

f

68

f

How deep is your love

70

B

A
al $\frac{3}{4}$ y B *p*
para Final

72

pp

74

16 Φ .IV 3 Φ .III C.IV C.IV

19 C.III C.III *p*

22 *f* *mf*

25 C.II

28 C.II

31 C.VII *f*

34

mf

37

1.

2.

40

f

f

al S y Final



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