



VOL 2

# CONCIERTO DE MÚSICA COLOMBIANA PARA SOPRANO Y GRUPO DE CÁMARA

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez



Editorial  
Universidad de Nariño



## **Editorial**

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## CONCIERTO DE MÚSICA COLOMBIANA PARA SOPRANO Y GRUPO DE CÁMARA. VOL 2

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A mis hijos María José, Jéssica María, Rolando de  
Jesús, Manuel Alejandro.  
A mis estudiantes de guitarra del Departamento de  
Música de la Universidad de Nariño.

## CONTENIDO

Introducción.....	9
Presentación .....	10
Presentation.....	11
Amor se escribe con llanto (Bambuco) .....	12
Como tú no hay dos (Pasillo) .....	16
Cuatro Preguntas (Bambuco) .....	21
La Montera (Bambuco) .....	25
Libres (Bambuco) .....	29
Cuando voy por la calle (Vals) .....	34
Me borrarás (Vals).....	40
Muy Nariñense (Bambuco).....	46
Pueblito Viejo (Vals) .....	52
Tiple de Amor y Fiesta (Bambuco) .....	57
Anexos Partes.....	64

## CONVENCIONES PARA LA EJECUCIÓN DEL TIPLE

**T** = Aplatillado subiendo.

**L** = Apaltillado bajando.

**R** = Rasgueo.

**↓** = Golpe bajando.

**↑** = Golpe subiendo.

## INTRODUCCIÓN

Para continuar contribuyendo en la preservación y divulgación de la música tradicional colombiana, se presenta el segundo recital para soprano y grupo de cámara, el cual contiene diez arreglos de las obras más destacadas de los compositores colombianos del siglo XX, quienes se visten de frac en un formato: voz, flauta, violín, tiple y guitarra; utilizando elementos armónicos y contrapuntísticos propios de la academia, que combinados junto a los timbres de estos instrumentos, da como resultado un excelente material que puede ser utilizado para cualquier presentación.

Este trabajo, va dirigido a estudiantes de pregrado, músicos profesionales, autodidactas y a quienes puedan sacar provecho de este material didáctico y presentarlo en diversos escenarios. Por otra parte, se pretende que se despierte en los estudiantes la inquietud por la composición, realizar arreglos y continuar interpretando música tradicional colombiana dentro de los programas de música y de profesionalización de las diferentes entidades de educación superior.

En este material, se puede encontrar diez arreglos de obras que tienen como base los ritmos de bambuco, pasillo y vals, los cuales pretenden fortalecer la divulgación y preservación de la música colombiana en los espacios académicos tanto nacionales como internacionales. Además, cada una de las obras cuenta con su score y las partes de cada uno de los instrumentos de las mismas, adicionalmente y como apoyo cuenta con los audios de los respectivos arreglos para ayudar a tener una idea general de la sonoridad de estos.

**Rolando Chamorro Jiménez**

## PRESENTACIÓN

La música andina colombiana que está representada en las obras de compositores como: Jorge Augusto Villamil Cordovez, José A morales, Héctor Ochoa Cárdenas, Arnulfo Briseño, muchos más que se han posicionado como un requisito indispensable en los conciertos y festivales a nivel nacional e internacional, fortaleciendo ese sentimiento de la identidad y el nacionalismo.

Aproximadamente son 20 concursos y festivales los que se llevan a cabo dentro de la zona andina colombiana, en donde asisten los más versátiles instrumentistas y compositores para poner en escena todo su potencial creativo plasmado en bambucos, valses, pasillos y guabinas.

Desde la experiencia participativa, el Maestro Rolando Chamorro Jiménez, presenta este recital de música Colombiana para soprano y grupo de cámara, mezclando los instrumentos tradicionales (tiple) y los universales como el violín y la flauta, complementados con la voz soprano, logrando un equilibrio armónico y melódico, el cual enriquece desde ya los materiales didácticos de los programas de música existentes en Colombia, Los músicos autodidactas, y por qué no los músicos que desde los programas no formal aprendieron el lenguaje escritural musical.

Este recital permite además incrementar la memoria cultural representativa de nuestro país que, ante el masivo incremento de nuevas propuestas interpretativas y compositivas, podrían en cierto momento generar un desconocimiento a nuestro patrimonio.

**Javier Botina Mora**

## PRESENTATION

The Colombian Andean music that is represented in the works of composers such as: Jorge Augusto Villamil Cordovez, José A Morales, Héctor Ochoa Cárdenas, Arnulfo Briseño, many more that are positioned as an essential requirement in concerts and festivals nationally and internationally, strengthening that feeling of identity and nationalism.

Approximately 20 contests and festivals are held in the Colombian Andean region, attended by the most versatile instrumentalists and composers to stage all their creative potential embodied in bambucos, valses, pasillos and guabinas.

From the participatory experience, Maestro Rolando Chamorro Jiménez, presents this Colombian music recital for soprano and chamber group, mixing traditional instruments (tiple) and universal ones such as violin and flute, complemented by the soprano voice, achieving a balance harmonic and melodic, which already enriches the didactic materials of the existing music programs in Colombia, the self-taught musicians, and why not the musicians who learned the musical scriptural language from the non-formal programs.

This recital also makes it possible to increase the representative cultural memory of our country which, given the massive increase in new interpretative and compositional proposals, could at a certain point generate a lack of knowledge of our heritage.

**Javier Botina Mora**

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO (BAMBUCO)

Letra y música:  
Álvaro Dalmar (1917 – 1999)

Amor se escribe con llanto  
en el diario amargo de mi desencanto.  
Amor que sembraste un día  
rosas de esperanzas en el alma mía.

Amor que llegaste riendo,  
amor que te vas llorando.  
Ayer, de dicha cantando,  
hoy sin ilusiones con mi tristeza muriendo.

Tu querer fue un cariño como de santo,  
tibia luz en las noches de mi extravío.  
Te adoré y a pesar de quererte  
tanto, hoy me has enseñado  
que amor se escribe con llanto.

Score

# AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

(Bambuco)

♩ = 80

Alvaro Dalmar

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The musical score consists of ten staves, each with a different instrument or voice part. The instruments include Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar on the top section, and S, Fl., Vln., Tpl., and Gtr. on the bottom section. The time signature is 8/8 throughout. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The tempo is indicated as ♩ = 80.

**Top Section (Measures 1-8):**

- Soprano:** Rests throughout.
- Flute:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *mf*.
- Violin:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *mf*, indicated by *arco*.
- Tiple:** Playing eighth-note chords.
- Guitar:** Playing eighth-note chords with dynamics *mf*.

**Bottom Section (Measures 1-8):**

- S:** Rests throughout.
- Fl.:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *f*.
- Vln.:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *f*.
- Tpl.:** Playing eighth-note chords.
- Gtr.:** Playing eighth-note chords.

**Measures 9-16:**

- S:** Rests throughout.
- Fl.:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *f*.
- Vln.:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *f*.
- Tpl.:** Playing eighth-note chords.
- Gtr.:** Playing eighth-note chords.

**Measures 17-24:**

- S:** Singing lyrics: "A mor sees cri be con llan to en el dia rio amar go de mi de sen can to." Dynamics *f*.
- Fl.:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *mf*.
- Vln.:** Playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics *mf*.
- Tpl.:** Playing eighth-note chords.
- Gtr.:** Playing eighth-note chords.

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

**p**

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "A mor que sem bras teun di a ro sas dees pe ran zas en el al ma mi a." Flute (Fl.) playing eighth-note patterns. Violin (Vln.) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamics: **p**, **arco**, **pizz.**, **arco**. Trompeta (Tpl.) and Guitar (Gtr.) provide harmonic support with chords: E m6, F#7, Bm, Em, Bm, Em, Bm, C#7, F#7, Bm.

**f**

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "A mor que lle gas te rien do, a mor que te vas llo ran do." Flute (Fl.) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic **p**. Violin (Vln.) playing eighth-note patterns. Trompeta (Tpl.) and Guitar (Gtr.) provide harmonic support with chords: F#m, Fm, Em, A7, **p**, F#m, Fm, Em, A7, D.

**mf**

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "a yer de di cha can tan do hoy sin i lu sio nes con mis tris te za mu rrrien do." Flute (Fl.) playing eighth-note patterns. Violin (Vln.) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic **f**. Trompeta (Tpl.) and Guitar (Gtr.) provide harmonic support with chords: D#7, Em, F#7, Bm, C#7, F#7, Bm.

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

3

49

S *f*  
Tu que rer fueun ca ri ño co mo de san to, ti bia luz en las no ches de mi extra vi o.

Fl. *mf*

Vln. *mf*

Tpl.

Gtr.

57 *mf*  
Tea do ré ya pe sar de que rer te tan to, hoy mehas en se ña do quea mor sees cri be con llan to.

Fl. *p* *mf*  
*pizz.*

Vln. *p* *mf*  
*pizz.*

Tpl.

Gtr. *p* *mf*

D.C. al Coda

2. *f*  
to. Hoy mehas en se ña do quea mor sees cri be con llan to

Fl. *f* *ff*  
*pizz.*

Vln. *f* *ff*

Tpl.

Gtr. *f* *ff*

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS (PASILLO)

Letra y música:

Rolando Efraín Chamorro Jiménez (n. 1963)

La vida me enseño tantas cosas de ti,  
lo que no descubrí cuando te conocí.  
Descubrirte el amor, sintiendo tu  
calor, la vida me enseño que como tú  
no hay dos.

En tu mar de pasiones cual rio mi amor  
desemboca y sin temor ni dudas te doy mi  
juventud. Seguro de que nada, ni nadie es como  
tú, la vida me enseño que como tú no hay dos.

Si la vida es amor, más vida quiero para darte,  
perfume leña seca mi calor en la fogata ardiente del amor.

Tu indiferencia aumenta mi deseo ,  
si procuro no verte más te veo.  
En todos estos años si alguna duda tienes,  
yo no he sido el mejor, pero sí quien más te quiere.

Score

# COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

(Pasillo)

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

$\text{♩} = 90$

The musical score consists of ten staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The instruments include Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar on the top section; S, Fl., Vln., Tpl., and Gtr. on the middle section; and a single staff for the Soprano voice at the bottom. The score is set in 3/4 time with a key signature of two sharps. Measure numbers are indicated above the staves at various points. Dynamics such as *f*, *mf*, and *p* are used throughout. Chord symbols like A, B7, Bm, Bb7, Am, Dm, G7, C, Gm7, A7, and Dm are placed below specific measures. The vocal part includes lyrics in Spanish: "La vi da meen se ño, tan tas co sas de ti lo que no des cu". The score concludes with a final dynamic *f*.

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

22

S  
Fl.  
Vln.  
TpL.  
Gtr.

brí cuan do te co no ci. des cu brir teel a mor sin tien do tu ca lor

*p*

Dm G7 C Bm7 E7 Am

Dm G7 C Bm7 E7 Am

29

S  
Fl.  
Vln.  
TpL.  
Gtr.

la vi da meen se ño que co mo tú nohay dos en tu mar de pa sio nes cual rio mia mor de sem

*p*

Dm E7 Am Dm E7

Dm E7 Am Dm E7

*mf*

36

S  
Fl.  
Vln.  
TpL.  
Gtr.

bo ca y sin te mor ni du das te doy mi ju ven tud se gu ro de que na da

*p*

*p*

*p*

*p*

C Dm

Am Dm G7 C C Dm

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

3

*a tempo*

S 43 ni na dies co mo tú la vi da meen se ño que co mo tú nohay do os si la vi daes a

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. E7 Am Dm E7 A A<sup>#</sup>7

Gtr. E7 Am Dm E7 A A<sup>#</sup>7

S 50 mor más vi da quie ro pa raa mar te per fu me le ña se ca mi ca lor en la fo ga taar dien te del a mor

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. Bm E7 A F<sup>#</sup>m C<sup>#</sup>m G<sup>#</sup>7 C<sup>#</sup>m

Gtr. Bm E7 A F<sup>#</sup>m C<sup>#</sup>m G<sup>#</sup>7 C<sup>#</sup>m

S 57 tuin di fe ren ciaau men ta mi de se o si pro cu ro no ver te más te ve o en to dos es tos a ños sial gu na du da

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. C<sup>#</sup>m F<sup>#</sup>7 B Bm B7

Gtr. C<sup>#</sup>m F<sup>#</sup>7 B Bm B7 E m F<sup>#</sup>7

*p*

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

64

S: tie nes yo no he si do el me jor pe ro si qui en más te quie re.

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. C $\sharp$ m F $\sharp$ 7 B  
Bm C $\sharp$ m F $\sharp$ 7 B  
Gtr. f mf

70

S:

Fl. mf

Vln. f mf

Tpl. C $\sharp$ m F $\sharp$ 7 B Bm F $\sharp$ m  
C $\sharp$ m F $\sharp$ 7 B Bm F $\sharp$ m

Gtr. p

§

Fine

75 1. mf 2.  
S: si la vi da es a quie re.

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. F7 E7 | : | mf f  
Gtr. F7 E7 | : | mf f

## CUATRO PREGUNTAS (BAMBUCO)

Letra:

Eduardo López (1988 - 1972)

Música:

Pedro Morales Pino (1863 - 1926)

Niegas con él lo que hiciste, y mis  
 sospechas te asombran, pero si  
 no le quisiste por qué te pones  
 tan triste, ¿cuándo en tu casa le nombran?

Si ahora, en no ser te empeñas  
 culpable como pareces,  
 si él te odia y tú le desdeñas  
 ¿porqué?, ¿porqué tantas veces  
 os vi entenderos por señas?

Dices que son cosas mías  
 y que te estoy engañando,  
 más ¿porqué le sonreías, sonreías  
 cuando él te estaba mirando?

Si no dejaste en derroche de  
 amor que te acariciara,  
 ¿porqué te azotó una noche,  
 una noche con el pañuelo la cara?

Score

# CUATRO PREGUNTAS

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 85$

Letra: Eduardo Lopez

Música: Pedro Morales Pino

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Soprano

Flute

Violin

Tiple

Guitar

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

7

a tempo

7

7

7

7

7

13

Niegas  
Sia hora  
con él no lo quehi  
cispe  
enteen  
culpa  
y culpa  
mis  
sos  
pe  
chas  
tepa  
re  
somes  
bran  
ces,

13

Am

E7

A.m

13

Am

C

G7

C

13

Am

C

G7

C

rit.

## CUATRO PREGUNTAS

19

S      *mf*  
 pe ro si no le qui sis te por qué te po nes tan tris te cuan doen tu  
 siél teo dia ytú le des de ñas por qué, por qué tan tas ve ces osvi en ten

19

Fl.      *mf*

Vln.

19

Tpl.      E7      B7      E7      Am  
 E7      Am      B7      Am

Gtr.      *mf*

25

S      1.      2.  
 ca de sa le nom bran? bra?  
 ros por se ñas? nas?

Fl.      *f*      *f*      *mf*

Vln.      *f*      *f*

25

Tpl.      E7      Am      Am      Dm      Am      E7  
 E7      Am      :      Am      Dm      Am      E7

Gtr.

31

S      *f*  
 Di ces que son co sas mí as y que  
 Si no de jas teen de rro che dea mor

Fl.

31

Vln.

31

Tpl.      Am      Dm      G7      C      Dm  
 Am      f      Dm      G7      C      mf      Dm

Gtr.      *f*

## CUATRO PREGUNTAS

3

37

S      tees toy en ga ñan do - mas por qué qué le son re í no as,  
 que tea ca ri cia por qué tea zo tó una í no che,

Fl.      *mf*      *p*      *mf*

Vln.      *mf*      *p*

Tpl.      E7      Am      Dm      G7      C  
Gtr.      E7      Am      Dm      G7      C

37

S      *p*

43      *rit.*      *f*      1.  
son re i as cuan do él tees taba mi ran do?  
u na no che con el pa ñue lo la ca ra?

Fl.      *mf*      *f*

Vln.      *mf*      *f*

Tpl.      A7      Dm      *mf*  
Gtr.      A7      Dm      *mf*

49      *lento*      2.

S

Fl.      *mf*      *f*      *ff*

Vln.      *f*      *ff*

Tpl.      Dm      Am      E7      Am      *f*      *ff*  
Gtr.      Dm      Am      E7      Am      *f*      *ff*

## LA MONTERA (BAMBUCO)

Letra:

Eduardo López (1988 - 1972)

Música:

Pedro Morales Pino (1863 - 1926)

Niegas con él lo que hiciste, y mis  
sospechas te asombran, pero si  
no le quisiste por qué te pones  
tan triste, ¿cuándo en tu casa le nombran?

Si ahora, en no ser te empeñas  
culpable como pareces,  
si él te odia y tú le desdeñas  
¿porqué?, ¿porqué tantas veces  
os vi entenderos por señas?

Dices que son cosas mías  
y que te estoy engañando,  
más ¿porqué le sonreías, sonreías  
cuando él te estaba mirando?

Si no dejaste en derroche de  
amor que te acariciara,  
¿porqué te azotó una noche,  
una noche con el pañuelo la cara?

Score

# LA MONTERA

(Bambuco)

Ana Maria Jaramillo / Beatriz Helena Restrepo  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

$\text{♩} = 95$

Soprano

Flute

Violin

Tiple

Guitar

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

Más os cu ra que la no — che es la tie rra de mi ve re — da Más clara que la ma ña — na, es el a gua de mi par ce

A m D m E 7 A m D m E 7

A m D m E 7 A m D m E 7

— la. Es más lin doel pai sa je más fres ca la ce men te — ra es más lin da tú ca ra en mar ca en la mon te

A m D m G 7 C D m G 7 C D m A m E 7

A m D m G 7 C D m G 7 C D m A m E 7

## LA MONTERA

25

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "ra. Le ván tate de ma ña na va mos a re co ger co se cha, le ván tate de ma dru ga da quel ca". Dynamics: *mf*, *p*.

Flute (Fl.) dynamic: *p*.

Violin (Vln.) dynamic: *p*.

Trombone (Tpl.) chords: Am, Am, Dm, E7, Am, Dm.

Guitar (Gtr.) chords: Am, Am, Dm, E7, Am, Dm.

33

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "mi noes lar goy a prie ta. Va mos a re co ger la cose cha quees tá en la siem bra a guan ta te mi ye gua co mo sea". Dynamics: *f*, *mf*.

Flute (Fl.) dynamic: *mf*.

Violin (Vln.) dynamic: *mf*.

Trombone (Tpl.) chords: E7, Am, Dm, G7, C, Dm, G7, C, Dm, Am.

Guitar (Gtr.) chords: E7, Am, Dm, G7, C, Dm, G7, C, Dm, Am.

41

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: "guan ta mi tie rra Te ne mos cer ca de pie dra pi es de ma de ra ca mi nos de". Dynamics: *mf*, *f*.

Flute (Fl.) dynamic: *mf*.

Violin (Vln.) dynamic: *mf*.

Trombone (Tpl.) chords: E7, Am, Dm, G7, C, Dm, G7, C, Dm.

Guitar (Gtr.) chords: E7, Am, Dm, G7, C, Dm, G7, C, Dm.

## LA MONTERA

3

49

S 1. *mf* 2. *mf*

pol vo con ce rros de pri ma ve ras. Te ne mos ras. si me lle ga ra a mo\_\_rir le de joel cuer po a mi tie\_\_rra. Laes

Fl.

Vln. *pp*

Tpl. Am E7 Am Am Dm E7 Am

Gtr. Am E7 Am Am Dm E7 Am

*p* *p*

57

S peran za pa mis hi\_\_\_\_jos yel re cuer do a mi ve re\_\_\_\_da. Me cui dan bien la vie ja, tam bi en mi ce men te\_\_\_\_ra. En

Fl.

Vln. *mf*

Tpl. Dm E7 Am Dm G7 C Dm G7 C

Gtr. Dm E7 Am Dm G7 C

*mf*

65

S 1. 2. *ff*

si lloy me voy dea quí el que se que da se que\_\_\_\_da Me da\_\_\_\_\_

Fl.

Vln. *f ff*

Tpl. Dm Am E7 Am Am Am

Gtr. Dm Am E7 Am Am Am

*f ff*

LIBRES  
(BAMBUCO)

Letra y música:

Rolando Efraín Chamorro Jiménez (n. 1963)

Paseando por estas tierras colombianas,  
le doy la razón a aquellos que una vez  
miraron a los cerros, como el azul del cielo  
y en su alma hecha cumbia se inspiró.

Desde el vientre de mi madre yo te amo,  
colombiano soy por do quiera que voy.  
Que importa si el vecino ya no siente lo  
mismo hace ya doscientos años libre soy.

Libres son tus montañas y tus valles,  
libres son esos ríos y tus mares.  
Libre son tus hijos y aunque atados con  
cadenas despiertan su espíritu siempre y  
vuelan añorando el dulce hogar.

Colombia si es que por unos te  
desangras, recuerda conmigo hay miles  
que te cantan , y que sueñan verte como  
eterna primavera, libre como el águila  
gozando tu libertad.

Score

# LIBRES

(Bambuco)

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

$\text{♩} = 90$

Soprano

Flute  $mf$

Violin

Tiple  $f$

Guitar  $mf$

S II

Fl. II

Vln. II

Tpl. II  $B_{\flat}$  Em A7 D  $p$

Gtr. II  $B_{\flat}$  Em A7 D Em A7  $p$  Arpegio

S 21 bia nas le doy la ra zón aa que lllos que una vez mi ra ron a los ce rros co moel a zul del cie lo yen su

Fl. 21  $mf$

Vln. 21  $mf$

Tpl. 21 Bm Em A7 D B7 Em A7 A $\sharp$  Bm

Gtr. 21 Bm Em A7 D B7 Em A7 A $\sharp$  Bm  $p$

Ritmo

The musical score consists of ten staves, each representing a different instrument or voice part. The instruments include Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar on the top five staves, and Soprano II, Flute II, Violin II, Tiple II, and Guitar II on the bottom five staves. The score begins with a section for Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The Flute and Violin play eighth-note patterns, while the Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support. The Soprano part is mostly rests. The section ends with a dynamic change to  $f$  and a complex chord progression involving the Tiple and Guitar. The second section starts with Soprano II, Flute II, Violin II, and Tiple II. The Flute II and Violin II play eighth-note patterns, while the Tiple II and Guitar II provide harmonic support. The Soprano II part is mostly rests. The section ends with a dynamic change to  $p$  and a complex chord progression involving the Tiple II and Guitar II. The third section starts with Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The Flute, Violin, and Tiple play eighth-note patterns, while the Soprano, Tiple, and Guitar provide harmonic support. The section ends with a dynamic change to  $p$  and a complex chord progression involving the Tiple and Guitar. The fourth section starts with Soprano II, Flute II, Violin II, and Tiple II. The Flute II, Violin II, and Tiple II play eighth-note patterns, while the Soprano II, Tiple II, and Guitar II provide harmonic support. The section ends with a dynamic change to  $p$  and a complex chord progression involving the Tiple II and Guitar II. The fifth section starts with Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The Flute, Violin, and Tiple play eighth-note patterns, while the Soprano, Tiple, and Guitar provide harmonic support. The section ends with a dynamic change to  $p$  and a complex chord progression involving the Tiple and Guitar.

## LIBRES

31

S: al ma he cha cum\_\_\_\_bia seins pi\_\_\_\_ró.  
 Fl.: Des deel vien tre de mi ma\_\_\_\_dre yo te\_\_\_\_a mo  
 Vln.: co lom bia no soy por do\_\_\_\_quie\_\_\_\_ra que

31

Tpl.: E7 A7 D F#m Bm  
 Gtr.: E7 A7 D F#m Bm Em A7

*mf*  
*Arpegio*

41

S: voy quem por ta siel ve ci\_\_\_\_no ya no sien te lo mis\_\_\_\_mo ha ce ya do cien tos a\_\_\_\_ños li bre soy.

Fl.: *p* *mf*

Vln.: *p* *mf*

Tpl.: B7 Em A7 A#7 Bm Em A7  
 Gtr.: D B7 Em A7 A#7 Bm Em A7

*Ritmo*

51

S: Li bres son tus mon tañas y tus va\_\_\_\_lles li bres son e sos ri os y tus ma\_\_\_\_res, li bres son tus hi\_\_\_\_jos yaun quea

Fl.: *p*

Vln.: *p*

Tpl.: Em A7 F#m B7 Em A7 D B7 Em A7  
 Gtr.: A7 F#m B7 Em A7 D B7 Em A7

*p*

## LIBRES

3

61

S ta dos en ca de \_\_\_\_nas      des pier tan sues piri \_\_\_\_tu siem prey      vue lan a ño ran doel dulce ho gar.      Colombia      sies que por

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. F#m      B7      E7      A7

Gtr. F#m      B7      E7      Em      A7

*Ritmo*

71

S u nos te de san \_\_\_\_gras,      re cuer da      con mi gohay mi les que te can \_\_\_\_tan      y que sue ñan ver \_\_\_\_te co moe ter na pri ma ve \_\_\_\_ra

Fl. *mf*

Vln. *mf*

Tpl. F#m      B7      Em      A7      D      B7      Em      A7      F#m      B7

Gtr. F#m      B7      Em      A7      D      B7      Em      A7      F#m      B7

81

S li bre co mo elá \_\_\_\_gui la go zan do tu li ber tad.

Fl.

Vln. *f*

Tpl. Em      A7      D      *f*

Gtr. Em      A7      D      Em      A7      D      F△

## LIBRES

91

1. 2.

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpt.

Gtr.

C m      F 7      B $\flat$  $\triangle$       E m

E m      A 7      C m      F 7      B $\flat$  $\triangle$       E m

Ritmo

101

*f* al  $\frac{2}{4}$  y  $\emptyset$

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpt.

Gtr.

Li bres. tad.

*mf*

*f* subito **p**

*mf*

*f* subito **p**

A 7      D      B 7      E m

A 7      D      B 7      E m

*f* subito **p**

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE (VALS)

Letra y música:  
Jaime R. Echavarriaga (1923 - 2010)

Cuando voy por la calle y me acuerdo de  
ti, me lleno de alegría, de ganas de vivir.  
Me parece que fueran las flores más bonitas,  
el cielo más radiante y el aire más sutil.

Cuando escucho en la noche alguna  
melodía, qué cosas no daría por estar  
junto a ti, para sentir que vivo, que vivo  
intensamente y para que tú sientas lo  
que eres para mí.

Estoy enamorado de tu vida, estoy  
enamorado de tu amor.  
Y cada vez que pienso en tu dulzura,  
comienza a florecer mi corazón.

Me acuerdo que tú tienes tu luz  
propia, que siempre estás  
sonriendo para mí, y vuelvo a  
revivir en mi memoria la gloria  
que le has dado a mi vivir.

Score

# CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

$\text{♩} = 137$

(Vals)

Jaime R. Echavarriaga

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Soprano

Flute

Violin

Tiple

Guitar

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

17

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

Score details: The score consists of five staves. The first three staves (Soprano, Flute, Violin/Tiple) have rests throughout the first section. The Guitar staff begins with a rest, followed by a bass note (B) and then chords (E7, A, Bm, C#m, Cm, Bm, E7, A). The second section starts at measure 9, with the Flute and Violin playing eighth-note patterns. The Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support with chords (A, C#7, F#m, G#7, G#7, C#7). The third section starts at measure 17, with the Flute and Violin playing eighth-note patterns. The Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support with chords (F#7, Bm, F#m, G#, C#7, F#m).

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

25

S Cuan do voy por la calle y mea cuer do de tí me lle no de ale gri a y ga nas de vi vir  
no che al gu na me lo dia que co sas no da ri a por es tar jun toa ti

Fl. *p* *mf*

Vln. *p* *mf*

Tpl. F#m Bm E7 A Bm C#m Cm Bm E7 A

Gtr. F#m Bm E7 A Bm C#m Cm Bm E7 A

33

S me pa re ce que fue ran las flo res mas bo ni tas el cie lo más ra dian te yel ai re más su til  
pa ra sen tir que vi vo que vi vo in ten sa men te y pa ra que tu sien tas lo

Fl. *p*

Vln. *p*

Tpl. A#7 Bm C# F#m G# D7 C#7

Gtr. A#7 Bm C# F#m G# D7 C#7

1.

41

S cuan does cu choen la que eres pa ra mi. Es toy e na mo ra do de tu vi da es

Fl. *mf*

Vln.

Tpl. C#7 C#7 F#m E7 E7 A Bm C#m Cm

Gtr. C#7 C#7 F#m E7 E7 A Bm C#m Cm

2.

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

3

49

S toy e na mo ra do de tua mor y ca da vez que pien soen tu dul zu ra co

Fl. *mf*

Vln. *mf*

Tpl.

Gtr. Bm E7 A C#7 F#m

57

S mien zaa flo re cer mi co ra zón mea cuer do que tú tie nes tu luz pro pia que

Fl.

Vln. pizz.

Tpl. B7 E7 Bm E7 *p* Bm E7 A Bm C#m Cm

Gtr. B7 E7 Bm E7 *p*

65

S siem preses tas son eien do pa ra mi y vuel voa re vi vir en mi me mo ria la

Fl. *mf*

Vln. arco *mf*

Tpl. *f* C#7 F#m

Gtr. Bm E7 A C#7 F#m *mf*

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

73

S glo ria quele has da doa mi vi vir

Fl. f

Vln. pizz.

Tpl. D C#7 E7 A

Gtr. D C#7 E7 A

81

S

Fl. f

Vln. pizz. mf

Tpl. E7 A F#m

Gtr. E7 A C#7 F#m

89

S

Fl.

Vln. arco

Tpl. G#7

Gtr. G#7 C#7 F#7 Bm F#m

mf

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

5

97

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

*f*

*mf*

*f*

*mf*

*f*

*mf*

*p*

97

97

97

97

97

97

la

Es toy e na mo da doa mi vi vir

G# C#7 F#m E7 C#7 F#m A

G# C#7 F#m E7 C#7 F#m A

105

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

*f*

glo ria quele has da doa mi vi vir la glo ria queles has da doa mi vi vir

*mf*

pizz.

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

arco

D C#7 F#m A D C#7 D C#7

D C#7 F#m A D C#7 D C#7

*mf*

II3

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

*f*

*ff*

*f*

*ff*

*f*

*ff*

F#m F#m C#7 F#m C#7

F#m F#m C#7 F#m C#7

*f*

*ff*

## ME BORRARÁS (VALS)

Letra y música:  
María Isabel Saavedra (n. 1968)

Me borrarás,  
de tu memoria, de tu alma, de tu vida,  
como se borra algún error de ortografía,  
como las huellas de una larga y onda  
herida, que no queremos ni siquiera recordar.

Me borrarás,  
sin importar si me derrumbo con un  
beso o sea distinto lo que digo y lo que  
pienso, porque lo nuestro es  
simplemente imposible, haber amado es  
aprender a renunciar.

Me borrarás, me borrarás,  
porque es lo único que espero,  
aunque mis labios te repitan que te quiero.  
Me borrarás,  
porque ya no te pertenezco y a partir de este momento  
fue una historia que contar.

Me borrarás, y aunque nos duela  
cada intento, cuando pase mucho  
tiempo yo seré una sombra más.

Score

# ME BORRARÁS

(Vals)

Maria Isabel Saavedra

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

$\text{♩} = 130$

The musical score consists of five staves: Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The Soprano, Flute, and Violin staves begin with rests. The Tiple and Guitar staves enter with chords. The Flute and Violin play eighth-note patterns. The Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The Soprano enters at measure 9 with a melodic line. The Flute and Violin continue their eighth-note patterns. The Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support. The Soprano sings the lyrics "Me bo rrás de tu me mo ria de tu al ma de tu vi da, co mo se bo rra al gún". The Flute and Violin play eighth-note patterns. The Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support. The Soprano continues singing. The Flute and Violin play eighth-note patterns. The Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support. The Soprano sings the lyrics "Dm Gm C7 F B♭ Gm A7 Dm". The Flute and Violin play eighth-note patterns. The Tiple and Guitar provide harmonic support.

## ME BORRARÁS

25

S: error deor to gra fía. Co mo las hue llas deu na lar gay hon dahe ri da que no que re mos ni si

Fl. *mf* *p* *mf*

Vln. *mf* *p* *mf*

Tpl. F E7 A7 Dm B♭

Gtr. F E7 A7 Dm *p* B♭

*p*

33

S: quie ra re cor dar. Me bo rra ras sin im por tar si me de rrum bo con un be so

Fl. *p* *mf*

Vln. *p* *mf*

Tpl. Gm A7 Dm Gm

Gtr. Gm A7 Dm Dm Gm

*p* *mf*

41

S: o sea dis tin to lo que di goy lo que pien so por que lo nues troes sim ple men teun im po si ble

Fl. *p*

Vln. *p*

Tpl. E7 A7 Dm

Gtr. C7 F E7 A7 Dm

## ME BORRARÁS

3

49

S ha ber a ma does a pren der a re nun ciar. Me bo rra ras, me bo rra ras por que es lo

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. B♭ Gm Gm C7

Gtr. B♭ Gm Gm C7

p mf p mf p mf

57

S ún i co que es pe ro, aun que mis la bios te re pi tan que te quie ro. Me bo rra ras por que ya

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. F E7 A7 Gm

Gtr. F E7 A7 Gm

65

S no te per te nez co ya par tir dees te mo men to fue una his to ria que con tar. Me bo rra ras yaun que nos

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. A7 Cm D7 Gm

Gtr. Dm A7 Cm D7 Gm

## ME BORRARÁS

73

S: due la cada in ten to, cuan do pa se mu cho tiem po yo se ré una som bra más.

Fl.

Vln. *p*

Tpl. Dm A7 Dm *f* Gm

Gtr. Dm A7 Cm D7 Gm

81

S:

Fl.

Vln. *mf*

Tpl. Dm A7 Cm D7 Gm

Gtr. Dm A7 Cm D7 Gm

89

S: Me bo rra me bo rra

Fl. *mf*

Vln.

Tpl. C7 F B♭ Gm A7 Dm Dm Dm

Gtr. C7 F B♭ Gm A7 Dm Dm

## ME BORRARÁS

5

97  
Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: rras yaun que nos due la cada in ten to cuan do pa se mu cho tiem po yo se ré una som bra más.  
Flute (Fl.) and Violin (Vln.) play eighth-note patterns.  
Trompeta (Tp.) and Guitar (Gtr.) provide harmonic support with chords: Gm, Dm, A7, Dm, A7.  
The piece concludes with a dynamic **p** and the word **Fine**.

## MUY NARIÑENSE (BAMBUCO)

Letra y música:  
Rolando Efraín Chamorro Jiménez (n. 1963)

Por siempre estará presente en el  
tono de mi voz decir de dónde yo  
vengo, la tierra dónde soy, pedacito  
de mi patria por allá mirando al sur.

Soy muy nariñense y tengo de  
Agualongo su valor, es romántico  
mi espíritu cuando escucha un trio  
cantar y alegre como la costa  
cuando llega el carnaval.

Mi raza es de gente noble, querida  
en cualquier región, me pinto  
amarillo y verde con orgullo el corazón.

Que imponente se ve el Galeras,  
siempre pendiente de mí Pasto y el  
mar le grita desde lejos no se te  
ocurra hacerle daño.

Amo el barniz, soy un poeta y con  
las manos de artesano toco en mi  
guitarra compañera en cualquier  
parte del mundo El Chambú y la Guaneña.

# MUY NARIÑENSE

(Bambuco)

Score

$\text{♩} = 86$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The musical score consists of five systems of staves. The first system (measures 1-8) features Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The second system (measures 9-16) features S, Fl., Vln., Tpl., and Gtr. The third system (measures 17-24) features S, Fl., Vln., Tpl., and Gtr. Measure 17 begins with a vocal entry by Soprano, followed by entries from Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The lyrics are:

Por siem prees ta rá pre sen te en el to no de mi  
es ro mán ti co mie s píri tu cuan does cu chaun trio can

Measure 18 starts with a dynamic **f** for Flute, followed by **p** for Violin and Tiple. Measures 19-20 show sustained notes for Flute, Violin, and Tiple. Measure 21 starts with a dynamic **f** for Tiple, followed by **p** for Gtr. Measures 22-24 show sustained notes for Tiple and Gtr.

## MUY NARIÑENSE

25 *f*

S voz de cir de don de yo ven\_\_ go la tie rra de don de soy pe da ci to de mi pa\_\_\_\_tria por a lla mi ran doal  
tar ya le gre co mo la cos\_\_ ta cuan do lle gael car na val. Mi ra zaes de gen te no\_\_\_\_ble que ri daen cual quier re

Fl. *mf*

Vln. *mf* pizz.

Tpl. Am Gm A7 Dm Dm G7

Gtr. Am Gm A7 Dm Dm G7

*mf*

33 *p*

S sur gió n, Soy muy na ri ñen sey ten\_\_ go deA gua lon go su va lor. 1. 2.  
me pin toa ma ri lloy ver\_\_ de con or gu lloel co ra zón.

Fl. *p* *mf*

Vln. arco *p* *mf*

Tpl. C Dm Am E7 *p* C#m C7 Bm7

Gtr. C Dm Am E7 Am *f* C#m C7 Bm7

*p* *mf*

41 *f*

S Queim po nen te se veel Ga le\_\_\_\_ ras siem pre pen dien te de mi Pas\_\_\_\_

Fl. *p*

Vln.

Tpl. *p* *mf* A C#m Cm Bm

Gtr. *p* *mf* A C#m Cm Bm

*p*

## MUY NARIÑENSE

3

49

S to yel mar le gri ta des de le \_\_\_\_ jos no se teo cu rraha cer le da

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. E7 Bm F#7 Bm **p** E7 C#m Cm

Gtr. E7 Bm F#7 Bm E7 C#m Cm

**mf** **p**

57

S ño. A moel bar niz soy un po e\_\_\_\_ ta y con las ma nos dear te sa

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. Bm Bb7 A Bm C#7 F#m

Gtr. Bm Bb7 A Bm C#7 F#m

**p** **mf** **p**

65

S no, to coen mi gui ta\_\_\_\_ rra com pa ñie ra en cualquier par te del mun\_\_\_\_ do el Cham bú y la Gua ne\_\_\_\_ ña.

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. Em A7 D G7 A F#7

Gtr. Em A7 D G7 A F#7 Bm E7 A

**f** **f** **f**

**mf**

## MUY NARIÑENSE

73

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

*p*

*f*

*p*

*f*

B7

E7

Am

*ritmo*

*mf* arpegio

81

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

*p*

*f*

*p*

*f*

A

A

Dm

*ritmo*

*arpegio*

89

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

E7

A

E7

A

D

D<sup>#</sup>7

C<sup>#</sup>m

Cm

Bm

E7

A

*mf*

*f*

## MUY NARIÑENSE

5

ad libitum

Soprano (S) starts with a dynamic **f**, singing "do el Cham bú y la gua ne- ña."

Flute (Fl.) plays eighth-note patterns.

Double Bass (Ln.) uses pizzicato ("pizz.") and arco ("arco") techniques.

Percussion (pl.) and Timpani (itr.) provide rhythmic support.

Measure 97 concludes with a dynamic **ff**.

## PUEBLITO VIEJO (VALS)

Letra y música:  
José A. Morales (1913 - 1978)

Lunita consentida colgada del cielo,  
como un farolito que puso mi Dios.  
Para que alumbraras las noches calladas  
de este pueblo viejo de mi corazón.

Pueblito de mis cuitas, de casas  
pequeñitas, por tus calles tranquilas  
corrió mi juventud.  
En ti aprendí a querer por la primera vez  
y nunca me enseñaste lo que es la ingratitud.

Hoy que vengo a tus lares,  
trayendo mis cantares  
y con el alma enferma de tanto padecer.  
Quiero pueblito viejo,  
morirme aquí en tu suelo,  
bajo la luz del cielo que un día me vio nacer.

Score

# PUEBLITO VIEJO

(Vals)

José A. Morales

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The first staff features Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The second staff features Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The third staff features Soprano, Flute, Violin, Tiple, and Guitar. The music is in 3/4 time. The first staff begins with a rest followed by eighth-note patterns. The second staff begins with a forte dynamic (f) for the Flute and Violin. The third staff begins with a piano dynamic (p) for the Guitar. The second staff continues with eighth-note patterns and includes harmonic changes indicated by Roman numerals (E7, Am, E7, Am). The third staff continues with eighth-note patterns and includes harmonic changes indicated by Roman numerals (Dm, G7, C, F, E7, Am). The lyrics begin in measure 9: "Lu ni ta con sen ti da col ga da del cie lo, como un fa ro li to que pu so mi Dios." The fourth staff begins at measure 17 with a forte dynamic (f) for the Soprano. The fifth staff begins at measure 17 with a piano dynamic (mf) for the Flute. The sixth staff begins at measure 17 with a piano dynamic (mf) for the Violin. The seventh staff begins at measure 17 with a piano dynamic (mf) for the Tiple. The eighth staff begins at measure 17 with a piano dynamic (mf) for the Guitar.

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

25                          *mf*

S: para quea lum bra ra las no ches ca lla das dees te pue blo vie jo de mi co ra zón.

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. 25 Gm A7 Dm Am E7 Am

Gtr. Gm A7 Dm Am E7 Am

*mf*

33 - | 2. | zón Pue bli to de mis cui tas de ca sas pe que ñi tas por tus ca lles tran qui las co

Fl. f

Vln. f pizz.

Tpl. 33 A A Bm C#m Bm A

Gtr. A f Bm C#m Bm A

*f*

41 rrió mi ju ven tud. En tia pren dia que rer por la pri me ra vez. y nun ca me en se ñas te lo

Fl. *mf*

Vln. *mf* arco

Tpl. 41 A#7 Bm E7 Bm E7

Gtr. A#7 Bm E7 Bm E7

*mf*

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

3

49

S      quees lain gra ti tud.      Hoy que vengo a tus la res,      tra yen do mis can ta res      ycon el al ma en fer ma de

Fl.

Vln.

49

Tpl.      C<sup>#</sup>m      C m      Bm      A      Em

Gtr.      C<sup>#</sup>m      C m      Bm      A      Em

57

S      tan to pa de cer.      Qui ro pue bli to vie jo mo rirme a quién tu sue lo,      ba jo la luz del cie lo queun

Fl.

Vln.

57

Tpl.      A7      D      D      G7      A      F<sup>#</sup>7      Bm

Gtr.      A7      D      D      G7      A      F<sup>#</sup>7      Bm

65

S      dí a me vio na cer.

Fl.

Vln.

65

Tpl.      E7      A      f

Gtr.      E7      A

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

73

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr. A#7 Bm E7 Bm E7

81

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr. f f

Pue bli to de mis cui tas cer.

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA (BAMBUCO)

Letra y música:

Rolando Efraín Chamorro Jiménez (n. 1963)

Toca y canta viejo tiple,  
bellas melodías de antaño  
con las que se enamoraron  
todos mis antepasados.  
Entona nuevas canciones,  
todas llenas de emociones.  
Eres bandera y escudo de mi folklor colombiano.

Cuando el amor toca a la puerta de  
un corazón enamorado, en el  
silencio de la noche sonará un tiple ilusionado.

Cuando se siente muy adentro ese  
orgullo de colombiano, siento que a  
pesar de todo lo que digan, lo que  
hagan seré de casta colombiana.

Toca tiple danzas, pasillos, bambucos, valses,  
rajaleñas, toca guabina y torbellino.  
Toca tiple lo que quieras con mis diez dedos y  
tus cuerdas, vamos tiple compañero  
comencemos ya la fiesta.

Score

# TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 115$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Soprano                          *add libitum*

Flute

Violin

Tiple                          *mf*

Guitar                          *mf*

S                                  *rit.*

Fl.                                  *f*

Vln.                                  *pizz.*                          *arco*

Tpl.

Gtr.

S                                  *mf*

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

S                                  *mf*

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

Chords: A B7 E F°7 F#m B7

Chords: A A°7 G#m C#7 F#m B7 E

Chords: A A°7 G#m C#7 F#m B7 E

Chords: E F°7 F#m B7 F#m B7 E F°7

Chords: E F°7 F#m B7 F#m B7 E F°7

Chords: E F°7 F#m B7 F#m B7 E F°7

Score

# TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

(Bambuco)

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

$\text{♩} = 115$

Soprano      add libitum      a tempo

Flute

Violin

Tiple      A B7 E F°7 F♯m B7  
mf

Guitar      A B7 E F°7 F♯m B7  
mf

S      rit.      add libitum  
To cay can ta vie jo ti — ple be llas

Fl.      tr.      f  
mf

Vln.      pizz.      arco  
mf

Tpl.

Gtr.      A A♯7 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B7 E  
mf

S      a tempo  
me lo días de antaño con las que se ena mo ra ron to dos mis an te pa sa dos en to nan nue vas can cio nes to das  
mf

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.      E F°7 F♯m B7  
F♯m B7 E F°7

Gtr.      E F°7  
F♯m B7 E F°7

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

*a tempo*

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: lle nas dee mo cio—nes e res ban de ra yes cu do de mi fol klor co lom bia—no cuan do ela

Flute (Fl.)

Violin (Vln.)

Trombone (Tpl.)

Guitar (Gtr.)

Musical score showing measures 26 through 42. Measure 26 starts with piano dynamic (p). Measures 27-28 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 29-30 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 31-32 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 33-34 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7.

Measures 34-35 show piano dynamic (p). Measures 36-37 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 38-39 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 40-41 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 42 show piano dynamic (p).

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: mor to ca la puer—ta de un co ra zón ena mo ra—do en el si

Flute (Fl.)

Violin (Vln.)

Trombone (Tpl.)

Guitar (Gtr.)

Musical score showing measures 34 through 42. Measures 34-35 show piano dynamic (p). Measures 36-37 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 38-39 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 40-41 show chords F#m, B7, A, A#7, G#m, C#7, F#m, B7. Measures 42 show piano dynamic (p).

Soprano (S) vocal line with lyrics: len cio de la no—che so na ráun ti ple ilu sio na—do cuan do se sien te muy a den

Flute (Fl.)

Violin (Vln.)

Trombone (Tpl.)

Guitar (Gtr.)

Musical score showing measures 42 through 49. Measures 42-43 show piano dynamic (p). Measures 44-45 show chords C#m, F# (mf). Measures 46-47 show chords B7 (mf). Measures 48-49 show chords B7 (mf).

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

3

51

S: tro ese or gu llo de co lom bia no sien to que ape sar de to

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. E G#m C#7 F#m Am D7

Gtr. E G#m C#7 F#m Am D7

mf

59

S: — do lo que di gan lo que ha gan se ré de cas ta co lom bia na to ca ti ple dan zas pa si

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl. G#m C#7 F#m B7

Gtr. G#m C#7 F#m B7

f

59

S: — lllos bam bu cos val ses ra ja le ñas to ca gua bi nay tor be ili

Fl. mf p

Vln. arco mf p

Tpl. Gtr.  $\bar{\bar{P}}$   $\bar{\bar{P}}$   $\bar{\bar{P}}$   $\bar{\bar{P}}$   $\bar{\bar{P}}$   $\bar{\bar{P}}$   $\bar{\bar{P}}$   $\bar{\bar{P}}$

mf

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

75

S: no to ca ti ple lo que quie ras con mis diez de dos y tus cuer das va mos

Fl. *mf*

Vln. *mf*

Tpl. F♯m B7 Bm E7 A D9 G♯m

Gtr. F♯m B7 Bm E7 A D9 G♯m

*f*

83

S: tiple com pa ñe ro co men ce mos ya la fies ta.

Fl.

Vln. *mf*

Tpl. C♯7 F♯m B7

Gtr. C♯7 F♯m B7

*mf*

91

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr. *mf*

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

5

100

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

*f*

A m      F#m      B 7      A      D9      G#m      C#7

*p*

*p*

*rítmico*

109

S

Fl.

Vln.

Tpl.

Gtr.

F#m      B 7      E

ta.

*f*

*f*

*f*

*f*

*Fine*

# ANEXOS PARTES

Soprano

# AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

(Bambuco)

♩ = 80

Alvaro Dalmar  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

15

A mor  
**f**

19

sees cri be con llan \_\_\_\_ to en el dia rio amar go

23

de mi de sen can to.  
A mor  
**p**

27

que sem bras teun di a ro sas dees pe ran zas

31

en el al ma mi a.  
A mor  
**f**

35

que lle gas te rien do, a mor

39

que te vas llo ran do, a yer  
**mf**

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

43

43

de di cha can tan do hoy sin i lu sio nes con mis tris

47

te za mu rrrien **do.** Tu que rer **fueun ca**

51

ri ño co mo de san **to,** ti bia luz en las

55

no ches de mi extra vi **o.** Tea do ré ya **pe**

59

sar de que rer te tan **to,** hoy mehas en se ña do quea mor sees

D.C. al Coda

63

cri be con llan **to.** to. Hoy mehas en se

68

ñá do quea mor sees cri be con llan **to**

Flauta

# AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

(Bambuco)

♩ = 80

Alvaro Dalmar

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Sheet music for Flute (Flauta) in G major, 6/8 time. The music consists of eight staves of musical notation. Staff 1 starts with a dynamic 'mf'. Staff 2 begins at measure 6. Staff 3 begins at measure 10. Staff 4 begins at measure 14. Staff 5 begins at measure 18, with a '2' above the staff and a dynamic 'mf'. Staff 6 begins at measure 24, with a dynamic 'p'. Staff 7 begins at measure 28.

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

32

36

40

47

51

55

D.C. al Coda

59

66

Violín

# AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

(Bambuco)

♩ = 80

Alvaro Dalmar  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music for Violin (Violín) features eight staves of music in G major, 6/8 time. The tempo is indicated as ♩ = 80. The music includes dynamic markings such as *mf*, *f*, *p*, and *mf*. Performance instructions like "pizz." and "arco" are also present. The score is divided into measures numbered 1 through 33.

- Measure 1: Violin part starts with a dotted half note followed by an eighth note. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 2: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 3: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 4: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 5: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 6: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 7: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 8: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 9: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 10: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 11: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 12: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 13: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 14: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 15: Violin part continues with eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 16: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *pizz.* The measure ends with a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 17: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 18: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 19: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 20: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 21: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 22: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *p*.
- Measure 23: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *p*.
- Measure 24: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *p*.
- Measure 25: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *p*.
- Measure 26: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *p*.
- Measure 27: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *p*.
- Measure 28: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 29: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 30: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 31: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 32: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *mf*.
- Measure 33: Violin part begins with a eighth-note pattern followed by a fermata. The dynamic is *p*.

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

38

43

51

56

D.C. al Coda

62

66

Tiple

# AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

(Bambuco)

♩ = 80

Alvaro Dalmar

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for measures 1-6. The key signature is G major (two sharps). The time signature is common time (indicated by '8'). The first measure consists of six eighth-note chords. Measures 2 through 6 show a repeating pattern of chords: F#7, Bm, Em6, F#7, Bm, Em6, Bm.

Musical score for measures 7-12. The key signature changes to D major (one sharp). The pattern continues with F#7, Bm, Em6, F#7, Bm, Em6, Bm.

Musical score for measures 13-18. The key signature changes back to G major (two sharps). The pattern continues with Em6, Bm, F#7, Bm, Em6, F#7, Bm.

Musical score for measures 19-24. The key signature changes to C major (no sharps or flats). The pattern continues with Em, Bm, Em, Bm, C#7, F#7, Bm.

Musical score for measures 25-30. The key signature changes to G major (two sharps). The pattern continues with Em6, F#7, Bm, Em, Bm, Em, Bm. A dynamic marking 'p' (piano) is placed below the staff.

Musical score for measures 31-36. The key signature changes to D major (one sharp). The pattern continues with C#7, F#7, Bm, F#m, Fm, Em, A7, F#m. A dynamic marking 'mf' (mezzo-forte) is placed below the staff.

Musical score for measures 37-42. The key signature changes to G major (two sharps). The pattern continues with Fm, Em, A7, D, D#7, Em. A dynamic marking 'p' (piano) is placed below the staff.

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

43 F#7 B m C#7 F#7 B m

*mf*

49 B m E m A 7 D F#m F°7 E m

55 A 7 D B 7 E m F#7 B m

*p*

**D.C. al Coda**

1.	2.
B m	B m

61 D E m F#7 B m E m F#7 B m

*mf*

67 E m F# B m B m F#7

*f* *ff*

Guitarra

# AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

(Bambuco)

♩ = 80

Alvaro Dalmar

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for guitar in G major (two sharps) and common time. The tempo is indicated as ♩ = 80. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a dynamic of *mf*. The second staff begins with a bass note followed by a treble note. The third staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fourth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fifth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The sixth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note.

Musical score for guitar in G major (two sharps) and common time. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The second staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The third staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fourth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fifth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The sixth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note.

Musical score for guitar in G major (two sharps) and common time. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The second staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The third staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fourth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fifth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The sixth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note.

Musical score for guitar in G major (two sharps) and common time. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The second staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The third staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fourth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fifth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The sixth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note.

Musical score for guitar in G major (two sharps) and common time. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The second staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The third staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fourth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fifth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The sixth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note.

Musical score for guitar in G major (two sharps) and common time. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The second staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The third staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fourth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fifth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The sixth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note.

Musical score for guitar in G major (two sharps) and common time. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The second staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The third staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fourth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The fifth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note. The sixth staff starts with a bass note followed by a treble note.

## AMOR SE ESCRIBE CON LLANTO

43

**F#7**

**Bm**

**C#7**

**F#7**

**Bm**

*mf*

49

**Bm**

**Em**

**A7**

**D**

**F#m**

**F°7**

**Em**

55

**A7**

**D**

**B7**

**Em**

**F#7**

**Bm**

**p**

**D.C. al Coda**

**D**

**Em**

**F#7**

**Bm**

**Em**

**F#7**

**Bm**

*mf*

1. \_\_\_\_\_ | 2. \_\_\_\_\_

67

**Em**

**F#**

**Bm**

**Bm**

**F#7**

**f**

**ff**

Soprano

# COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

(Pasillo)

$\text{♩} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

8

La vi da meen se ñó,  
**mf**

19

tan tas co sas de ti lo que no des cu brí cuan

23

do te co no cí. des cu brir teel a mor  
**p**

27

sin tien do tu ca lor la vi da meen se ñó que co mo

31

tú nohay dos en tu mar de pa sio nes cual  
**mf**

35

rio mia mor de sem bo ca y sin te mor ni du das te

39

doy mi ju ven tud se gu ro de que na da  
**p**

2

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

43

ni na dies — co mo tú la vi da meen se ñó que co mo

47 *rit.* *a tempo* *mf*

tú nohay do — os si la vi daes a mor más

51 *f*

vi da quie ro — pa raa mar te per fu me le ña se ca mi ca lor

55

en la fo ga taar dien te del a mor tuin di fe ren ciaau men ta mi de se o

59 *mf*

si pro cu ro no ver te más te ve o en to dos es tos a ños

63 *f*

sial gu na — du da tie nes yo nohe si doel me jor pe ro

67 *§* *4* *4*

si quien más te quie re. *§* *Fine*

77 *1.* *2.* *mf*

si la vi daes a quie re.

Flauta

# COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

(Pasillo)

$\text{♩} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for Flute. Measure 1: Treble clef, 3/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: **f**. Measure 2: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 3: Sixteenth-note patterns.

Measure 4: Dynamics: **mf**. Measure 5: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 6: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 7: Sixteenth-note patterns.

Measure 8: Dynamics: **f**. Measure 9: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 10: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 11: Sixteenth-note patterns.

Measure 12: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 13: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 14: Sixteenth-note patterns. Measures 15-16: Rests.

Measure 17: Dynamics: **p**. Measures 18-19: Rests. Measure 20: Dynamics: **p**.

Measure 21: Dynamics: **p**. Measures 22-23: Rests. Measure 24: Dynamics: **p**.

Measure 25: Dynamics: **p**. Measures 26-27: Rests. Measure 28: Dynamics: **p**.

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

44

3

*rit.*

*a tempo*

2

*p*

3

§

10

*f*

*mf*

§

Fine

1.

2.

Violin

# COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

(Pasillo)

$\text{♩} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for Violin, featuring eight staves of music. The tempo is indicated as  $\text{♩} = 90$ . The key signature is three sharps (A major). The time signature is 3/4 throughout. The music consists of eighth-note patterns, with dynamics such as **f**, **p**, **mf**, and **p** marked. Measure numbers 1 through 31 are visible above the staves.

- Staff 1: Rest, then eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: **f**.
- Staff 2: Eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: **mf**, **p**.
- Staff 3: Long note, then eighth-note pairs. Dynamics: **mf**.
- Staff 4: Eighth-note pairs.
- Staff 5: Eighth-note pairs.
- Staff 6: Eighth-note pairs.
- Staff 7: Eighth-note pairs.
- Staff 8: Eighth-note pairs.

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

43

49      *a tempo*

**3**      **2**

**p**

54      **3**      **10**      **§**

**f**

69

**mf**

73

**mf**

**§**

77      1.      2.      **Fine**

Tiple

# COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

(Pasillo)

♩ = 90

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for measures 1-6. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The time signature is common time (4/4). Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic (mf) and includes a grace note pattern above the staff. Measures 2-6 show chords A, B7, and Bm.

Musical score for measures 7-12. The key signature changes to E major (one sharp). Measures 7-11 show chords B♭7, A, Am, Dm, G7, and C. Measure 12 ends with a forte dynamic (mf).

Musical score for measures 13-18. The key signature changes to D major (two sharps). Measures 13-17 show chords Gm7, A7, Dm, E7, G7, and Dm. Measure 18 ends with a forte dynamic (p), followed by a fermata (f), and another forte dynamic (p).

Musical score for measures 19-23. The key signature changes to C major (no sharps or flats). Measures 19-23 show chords E7, Am, Gm7, A7, Dm, G7, and C.

Musical score for measures 25-29. The key signature changes to F major (one sharp). Measures 25-29 show chords Dm, Bm7, E7, Am, and Dm.

Musical score for measures 31-35. The key signature changes to E major (one sharp). Measures 31-35 show chords E7, Am, Dm, E7, and a melodic line starting with a forte dynamic (mf).

Musical score for measures 37-41. The key signature changes to C major (no sharps or flats). Measures 37-41 show chords C and Dm. Measure 41 ends with a forte dynamic (p).

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

43 E7 Am Dm E7 rit.

*a tempo*

49 A A<sup>#</sup>7 Bm E7 A F<sup>#</sup>m C<sup>#</sup>m  
**p** ***mf***

55 G<sup>#</sup>7 C<sup>#</sup>m C<sup>#</sup>m F<sup>#</sup>7 B

61 Bm B7 F#7 B C#m F#7 B C#m  
**p** ***mf*** ***f*** ***mf***

67 F#7 B C#m F#7 B  
§

73 Bm F<sup>#</sup>m F7 E7 1. 2. Fine  
**p** ***mf*** ***f***

Guitarra

# COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

(Pasillo)

$\text{♩} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of nine staves of music for guitar. Staff 1 starts with a dynamic *mf*. Staff 2 starts with a dynamic *mf*. Staff 3 starts with a dynamic *p*. Staff 4 starts with a dynamic *f*. Staff 5 starts with a dynamic *p*. Staff 6 starts with a dynamic *p*. Staff 7 starts with a dynamic *f*. Staff 8 starts with a dynamic *p*. Staff 9 starts with a dynamic *p*.

Key signatures and chords indicated in the music:

- Staff 1: A major (A), B7
- Staff 2: Bm, B7, A
- Staff 3: Am, Dm
- Staff 4: G7, C, Gm7, A7, Dm, E7
- Staff 5: Dm, E7, Am
- Staff 6: Gm7, A7, Dm, G7, C
- Staff 7: Bm7, E7, Am
- Staff 8: Dm, E7
- Staff 9: Am, Dm, G7, C

## COMO TÚ NO HAY DOS

41 D m E 7 A m

*p*

46 D m E 7 rit. a tempo A A<sup>o</sup>7 B m

*p*

51 E 7 A F<sup>#</sup>m C<sup>#</sup>m G<sup>#</sup>7

*mf*

56 C<sup>#</sup>m C<sup>#</sup>m F<sup>#</sup>7 B

*p*

61 B m B 7 E m F<sup>#</sup>7 B m

*p*

*f*

66 C<sup>#</sup>m F<sup>#</sup>7 B C<sup>#</sup>m

*mf*

71 F<sup>#</sup>7 B B m F<sup>#</sup>m F 7

*p*

76 E 7 1. 2. Fine

*p* *mf* *p* *f*

Soprano

# CUATRO PREGUNTAS

## (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 85$

Letra: Eduardo Lopez  
Música: Pedro Morales Pino  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Edición © Ányela Gómez 2021

## CUATRO PREGUNTAS

35

y que tees toy en ga ñan do  
dea mor que tea ca ri cia ra,

39

mas por qué le son re í \_\_\_\_\_ as,  
por por qué tea zo tó una no \_\_\_\_\_ che,

*mf*

43

son re i as cuan do él pa tees taba mi ran  
u na no che con el pa ñue lo la ca

*rit.*

*f*

46

do?  
ra?

1. **2** | 2. **5**

*lento*

Flauta

# CUATRO PREGUNTAS

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩.} = 85$

Letra: Eduardo Lopez  
Música: Pedro Morales Pino  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for flute. Staff 1 starts with a dynamic **f**. Staff 5 includes the instruction *a tempo*. Staff 9 includes a dynamic **f**. Staff 13 includes dynamics **mf** and **5**. Staff 21 includes dynamics **mf** and **3**. Staff 27 includes dynamics **f** and **mf**. Staff 31 includes a dynamic **mf**. Measure numbers 5, 9, 13, 21, 27, and 31 are indicated above the staves. Measure 21 has two endings, 1. and 2., indicated by brackets.

## CUATRO PREGUNTAS

Musical score for 'CUATRO PREGUNTAS' featuring a single melodic line on a treble clef staff.

**Measure 36:** Dynamics ***p***, ***mf***. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes.

**Measure 37:** Dynamics ***mf***. The measure begins with a rest followed by eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A large number **2** is placed above the staff.

**Measure 38:** Dynamics ***rit.*** The melody continues with eighth and sixteenth notes. The first half of the measure is labeled **1.** and the second half **2.**

**Measure 39:** Dynamics ***mf***, ***f***, ***ff***. The measure begins with a rest followed by eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The first half of the measure is labeled **1.** and the second half **2.**

**Measure 40:** Dynamics ***lento***. The melody consists of sustained notes and rests.

Violin

# CUATRO PREGUNTAS

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 85$

Letra: Eduardo Lopez  
Música: Pedro Morales Pino  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music for Violin consists of eight staves of musical notation. Staff 1 starts with a dynamic **f**. Staff 2 begins at measure 7 with **arco**, followed by a fermata and **a tempo** instruction. Staff 3 starts at measure 13 with a measure of rests, dynamics **mf** and **f**, and measure numbers **5** and **3**. Staff 4 begins at measure 25 with dynamics **f** and **f**, and measure numbers **1.** and **2.** Staff 5 starts at measure 31 with dynamics **mf** and **mf**, and measure number **2**. Staff 6 begins at measure 39 with dynamics **p**, **rit.**, **mf**, **f**, and measure number **4**. Staff 7 starts at measure 48 with **lento** and dynamics **f**, **ff**, and measure number **2.**

Tiple

# CUATRO PREGUNTAS

(Bambuco)

♩ = 85

Letra: Eduardo Lopez  
Música: Pedro Morales Pino  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for measures 1-4. The key signature is one sharp (F#). Measure 1: Two eighth notes followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 2: A sixteenth note followed by a eighth note. Measure 3: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 4: A sixteenth note followed by a eighth note.

Musical score for measures 5-8. The key signature changes to no sharps or flats. Measure 5: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 6: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 7: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 8: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 9: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair.

Musical score for measures 9-12. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#). Measure 9: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 10: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 11: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair. Measure 12: An eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pair.

Musical score for measures 13-16. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#). Measure 13: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 14: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 15: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 16: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs.

Musical score for measures 17-20. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#). Measure 17: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 18: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 19: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 20: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs.

Musical score for measures 21-24. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#). Measure 21: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 22: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 23: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 24: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs.

Musical score for measures 25-28. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#). Measure 25: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 26: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 27: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs. Measure 28: A bass line consisting of eighth-note pairs.

## CUATRO PREGUNTAS

29                    Am                    E 7                    Am                    | :  
  
*f*

33                    G 7                    C                    | :  
  
*mf*

37                    E 7                    Am                    | :  
  
*p*

41                    G 7                    C                    A 7                    | :  
  
*mf*

45                    rit.                    | :  
  
*mf*

49                    lento                    2.                    Am                    E 7                    Am                    | :  
  
*mf*                    *f*                    *ff*

Guitarra

# CUATRO PREGUNTAS

## (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 85$

Letra: Eduardo Lopez  
Música: Pedro Morales Pino  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

**1**

**2**

**3**

**4**

**5** rit.

**6**

**7**

**8** a tempo

**9** mf

**10**

**11**

**12**

**13**

**14**

**15**

**16**

**17** G7

**18** C

**19** E7

**20** Am

**21** B7

**22**

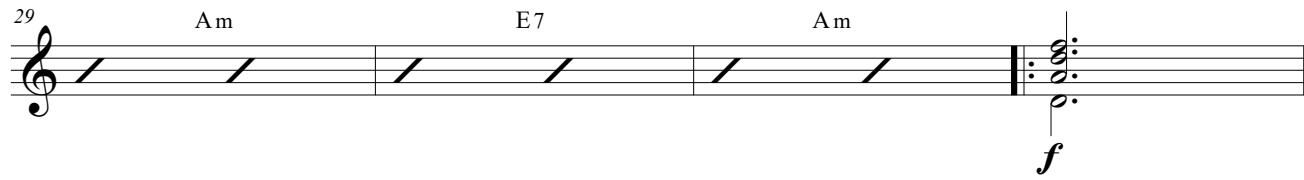
**23** mf

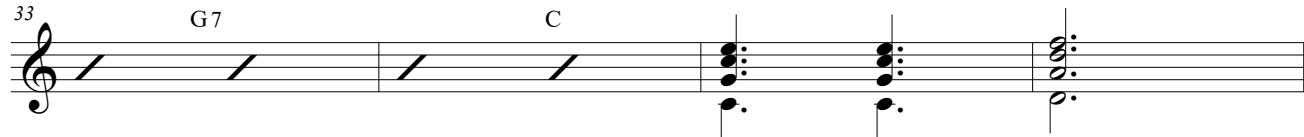
**24**

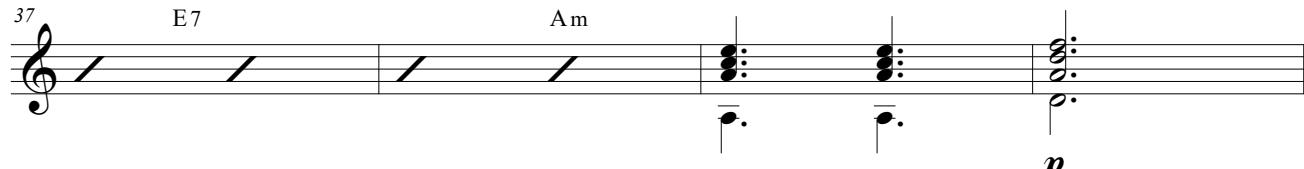
**25** E7

**26** 1. Am :| 2. Am |

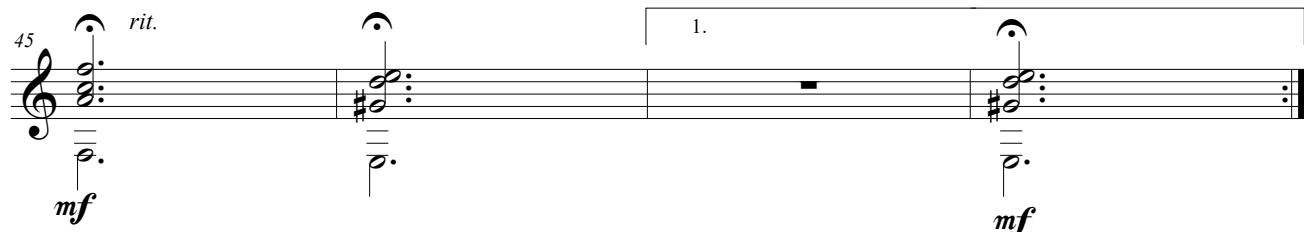
## CUATRO PREGUNTAS

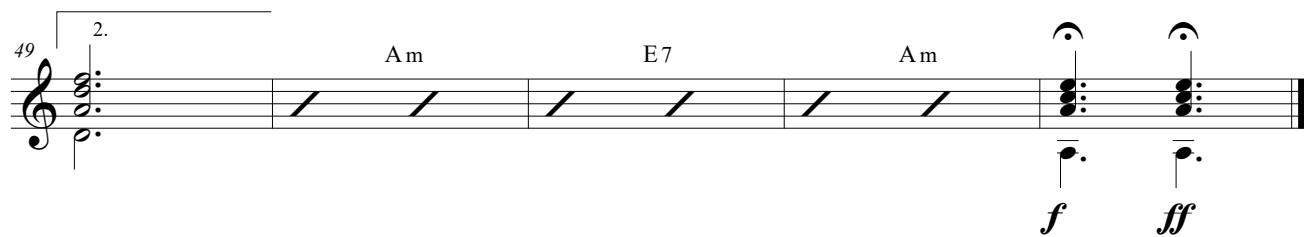
29                    A m                    E 7                    A m                    |  


33                    G 7                    C                    |  


37                    E 7                    A m                    |  


41                    G 7                    C                    A 7                    |  


45                    rit.                    |  


49                    2.                    A m                    E 7                    A m                    |  


Soprano

# LA MONTERA

## (Bambuco)

♩ = 95

Ana Maria Jaramillo / Beatriz Helena Restrepo  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

8

Más os cu ra que la no \_\_\_\_ che es la tie rra de mi ve re

*mf*

13

da Más clara que la ma ña \_\_\_\_ na, es el a gua de mi par ce \_\_\_\_ la. Es

*f*

18

más lin doel pai sa je más fres ca la ce men te \_\_\_\_ ra es más lin da tú

23

ca ra en mar ca en la mon te \_\_\_\_ ra. Le ván ta te de ma ña

*mf*

28

— na va mos a re co ger co se \_\_\_\_ cha, le ván ta te de ma dru ga da quel ca

33

mi noes lar goy a prie \_\_\_\_ ta. Va mos a re co ger \_\_\_\_ la co se cha quees tá en la siem

*f*

## LA MONTERA

38

bra a guan ta te mi ye — gua co mo sea guan ta mi tie — rra

43

*mf*

Te ne mos cer ca de pie — dra pi es de ma de — ra

48

1. 2.

*mf*

ca mi nos de pol vo con ce rros de pri ma ve — ras. Te ne mos ras. si me

53

lle ga ra a mo — rir le de joel cuer po a mi tie — rra. Laes peran za pa mis hi

58

*f*

— jos yel re cuer do a mi ve re — da. Me cui dan bien la vie ja, tam

63

bi en mi ce men te — ra. En si lloy me voydea quí el que se que da se que

68

1. 2.

*ff*

da Me da

Flauta

# LA MONTERA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 95$

Ana Maria Jaramillo / Beatriz Helena Restrepo  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for Flute, page 1. Key signature: G major (one sharp). Time signature: 6/8. Dynamics: **f**. Measures 1-4: The melody consists of eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note pairs. Measure 1: G-A, B-C. Measure 2: D-E, F-G. Measure 3: A-B, C-D. Measure 4: E-F, G-A.

Measures 5-8: The melody continues with eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note pairs. Measure 5: G-A, B-C. Measure 6: D-E, F-G. Measure 7: A-B, C-D. Measure 8: E-F, G-A.

Measures 9-12: The melody consists of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note pairs. Measure 9: G-A, B-C. Measure 10: D-E, F-G. Measure 11: A-B, C-D. Measure 12: E-F, G-A.

Measures 13-16: The melody consists of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note pairs. Measure 13: G-A, B-C. Measure 14: D-E, F-G. Measure 15: A-B, C-D. Measure 16: E-F, G-A. Measure 17: **3** (three measures of silence).

Measures 18-21: The melody consists of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note pairs. Measure 18: G-A, B-C. Measure 19: D-E, F-G. Measure 20: A-B, C-D. Measure 21: E-F, G-A. Measure 22: **3** (three measures of silence).

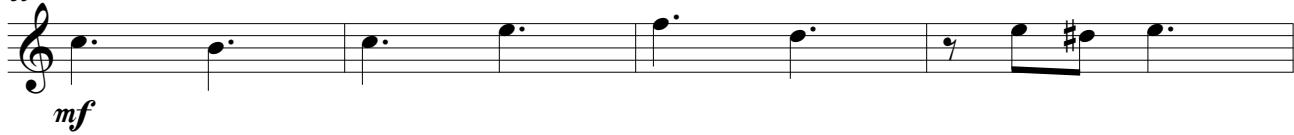
Measures 23-26: The melody consists of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note pairs. Measure 23: G-A, B-C. Measure 24: D-E, F-G. Measure 25: A-B, C-D. Measure 26: E-F, G-A. Measure 27: **p** (piano dynamic).

Measures 28-31: The melody consists of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note pairs. Measure 28: G-A, B-C. Measure 29: D-E, F-G. Measure 30: A-B, C-D. Measure 31: E-F, G-A. Measure 32: **3** (three measures of silence).

2

## LA MONTERA

35



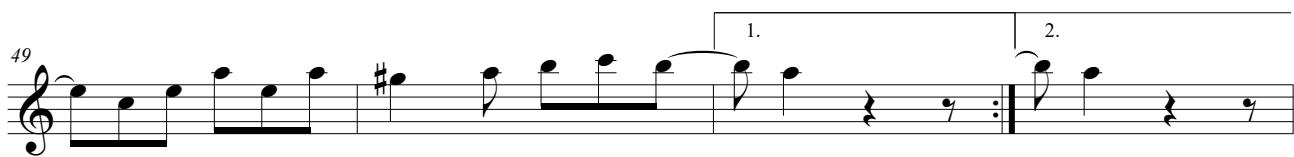
39



45



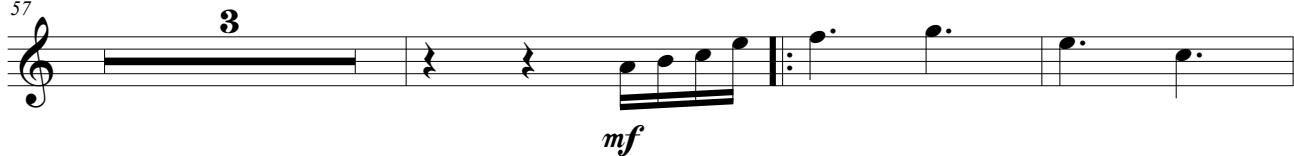
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53



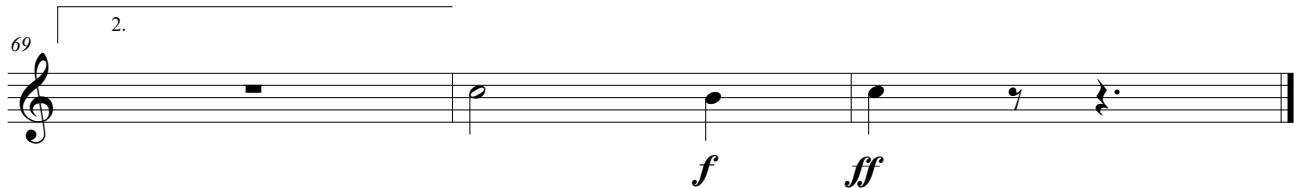
57



63



69



Violin

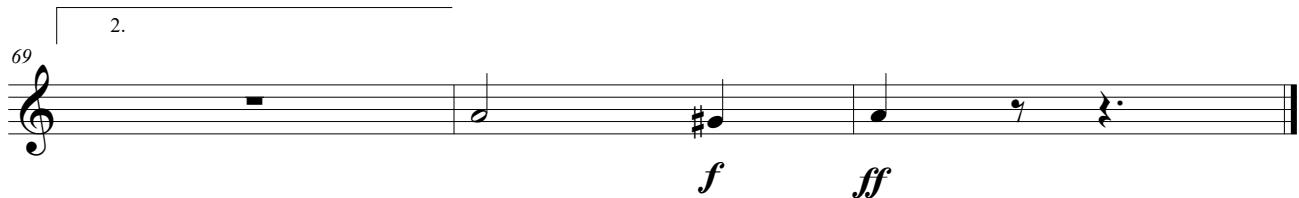
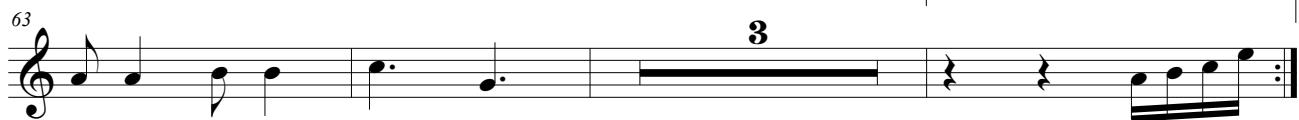
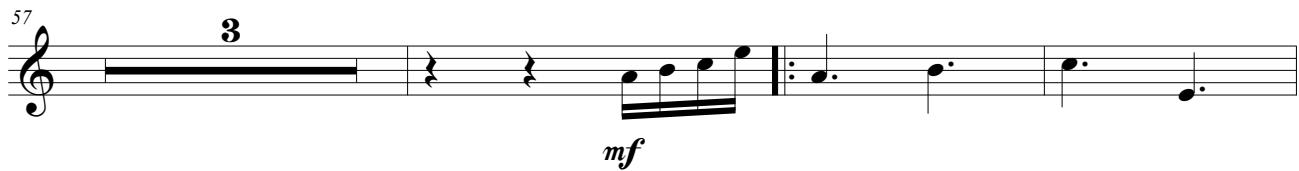
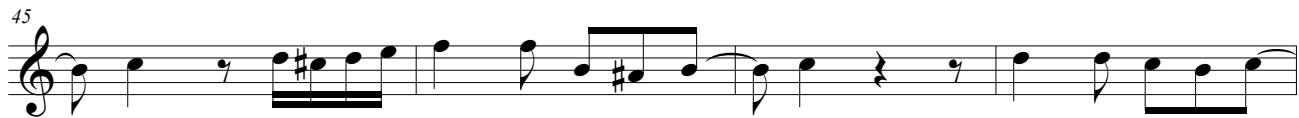
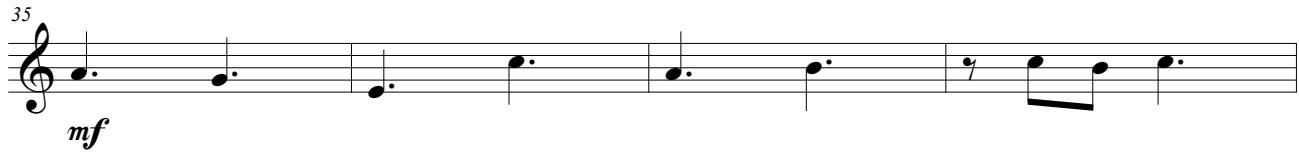
# LA MONTERA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 95$

Ana Maria Jaramillo / Beatriz Helena Restrepo  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for violin. The key signature is common time (indicated by '8'). The tempo is marked as  $\text{♩} = 95$ . The dynamics include **f**, **mf**, **p**, and **mf** (with a '3' above it). Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic (f) and includes a grace note. Measures 5 and 9 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 13 features a sixteenth-note pattern followed by a long sustained note. Measures 19 and 25 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 29 shows a sixteenth-note pattern followed by a long sustained note. Measure 33 is indicated by a '3' above the staff.

## LA MONTERA



Tiple

# LA MONTERA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 95$

Ana Maria Jaramillo / Beatriz Helena Restrepo  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

6

A m      E 7      A m      A m

Dm      G7      C      Dm

**p**

I

D m      E 7      A m      D m

**p**

16

E 7      A m      D m      G 7      C      D m      G 7

**mf**

21

C      D m      A m      E 7      A m

26

A m      D m      E 7      A m

**p**

31

A m      D m      E 7      A m      D m      G 7

**mf**

## LA MONTERA

36 C Dm G7 C Dm Am

41 E7 Am Dm G7 C

mf

46 Dm G7 C Dm Am E7

51 1. Am 2. Am Dm E7

p p

56 Am Dm E7 Am

61 Dm G7 C Dm G7 C Dm

mf

66 Am E7 1. Am 2. Am

f ff

Guitarra

# LA MONTERA (Bambuco)

Ana Maria Jaramillo / Beatriz Helena Restrepo  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

**♩ = 95**

**mf**

6 Am E7 Am Am

11 Dm E7 Am Dm

16 E7 Am Dm G7 C Dm G7

**mf**

21 C Dm Am E7 Am

26 Am Dm E7 Am Dm G7

**p**

**mf**

## LA MONTERA

36 C Dm G7 C Dm Am

41 E7 Am Dm G7 C | *mf*

46 Dm G7 C Dm Am E7

51 1. A m | 2. A m Dm E7 | *p* *p*

56 A m Dm E7 A m

61 Dm G7 C Dm G7 C Dm | *mf*

66 A m E7 1. A m | 2. A m | *f* *ff*

The musical score consists of six staves of music for a single voice. The first three staves (measures 36-40) show chords C, Dm, G7, C, Dm, and Am. The fourth staff (measure 41) starts with E7, followed by Am, then a measure with a breve rest, Dm, G7, and C. The dynamic *mf* is indicated below the staff. The fifth staff (measure 46) shows Dm, G7, C, Dm, Am, and E7. The sixth staff (measure 51) shows A m, followed by a repeat sign and a measure with a breve rest, then Dm, E7, and another A m. The dynamic *p* is indicated twice under the staff. The seventh staff (measure 56) shows A m, a breve rest, Dm, E7, and A m. The eighth staff (measure 61) shows Dm, G7, C, Dm, G7, C, and Dm, with the dynamic *mf* indicated. The ninth staff (measure 66) shows A m, E7, 1. A m, a measure with a breve rest, 2. A m, a measure with a breve rest, and then a section ending with a double bar line, a bass drum, and a bass note. The dynamics *f* and *ff* are indicated at the end.

Soprano

# LIBRES

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩.} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

17

Pa sean do por es tas ti \_\_\_\_ rras co lom bia nas

**f**

22

le doy la ra zón aa que \_\_\_\_ llas que una vez mi **mf**

ra ron a los ce \_\_\_\_ rrros co moel a zul del cie \_\_\_\_ lo yen su al ma he cha cum

32

bia seins pi ró. Des deel vien tre de mi ma \_\_\_\_ dre yo te **f**

37

a amo co lom bia no soy por do \_\_\_\_ quie ra que voy

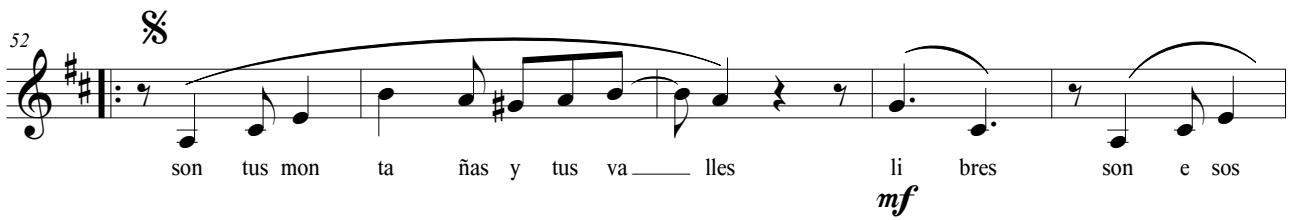
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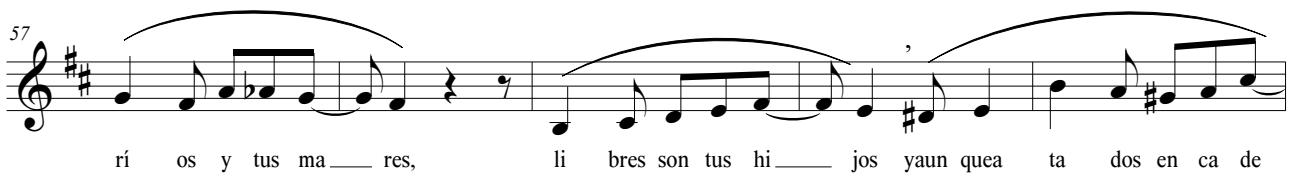
queim por ta siel ve ci \_\_\_\_ no ya no sien te lo mis \_\_\_\_ mo ha ce **mf**

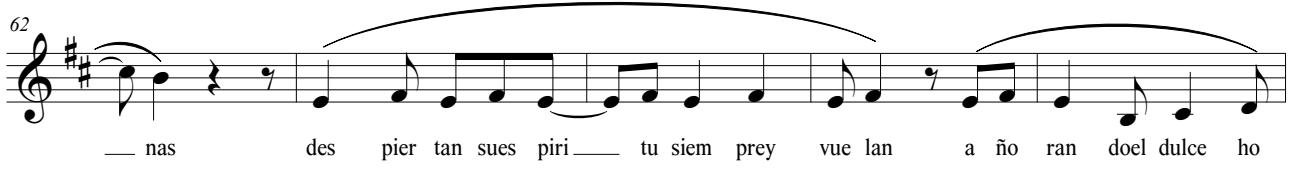
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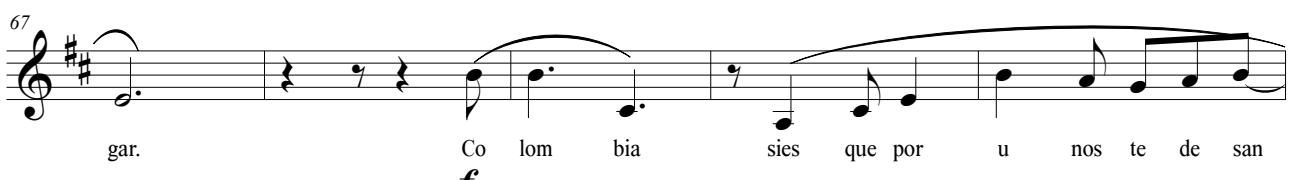
ya do cien tos a \_\_\_\_ ños li bre soy. Li bres **f**

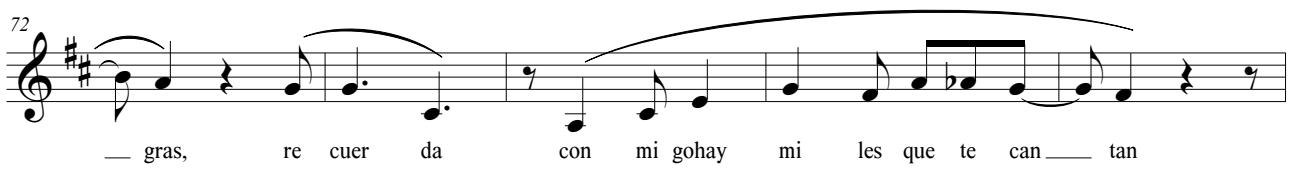
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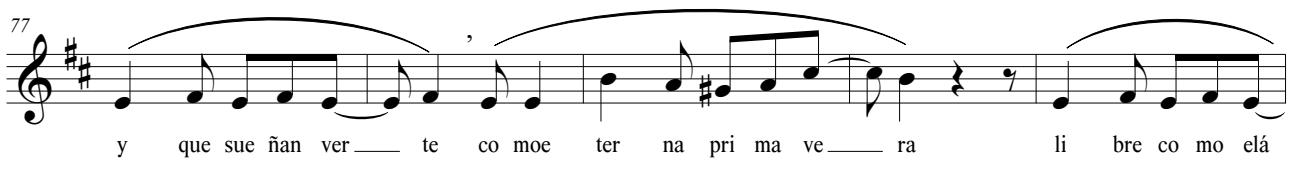
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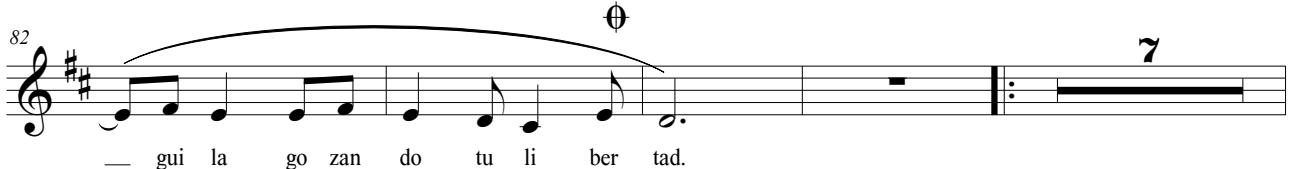
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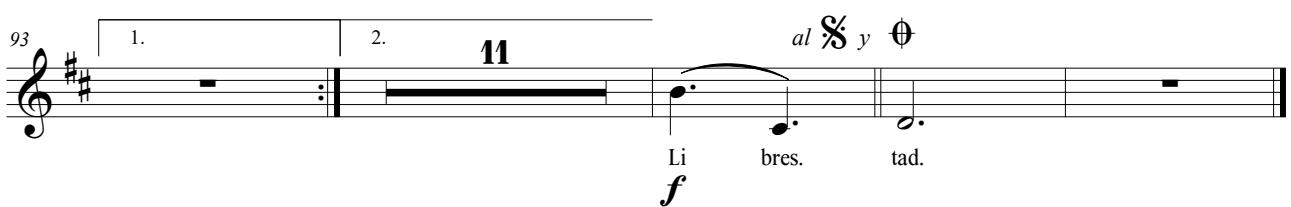
62 

67 

72 

77 

82 

93 

Flauta

# LIBRES

## (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

**1**

**mf**

**7**

**f**

**13**

**p**

**19**

**5**

**3**

**mf**

**2**

**5**

**42**

**2**

**5**

**p**

**49**

**mf**

**5**

**p**

## LIBRES



65

**6**

*mf*

**4**

*p*

79

∅

**2**

86

*f*

92

1.

2.

98

104

*mf*

*al* ∑ *y* ∅

*f*

*subito p*

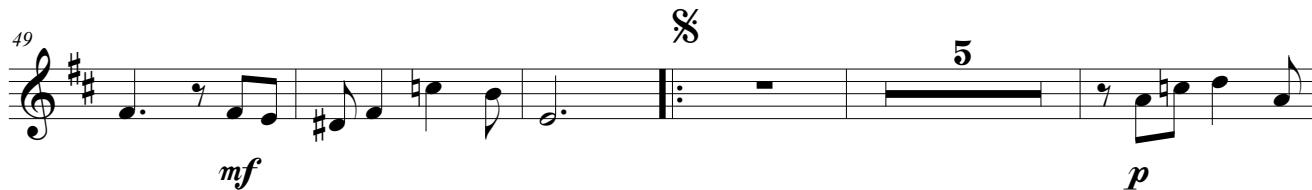
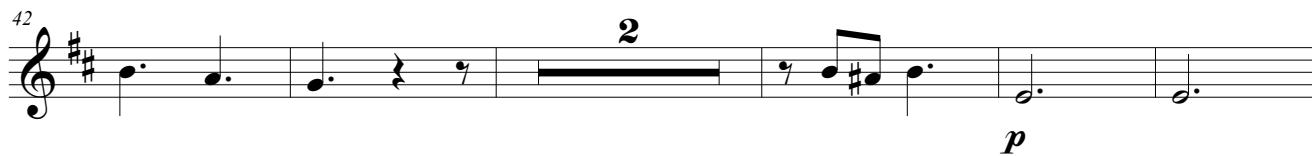
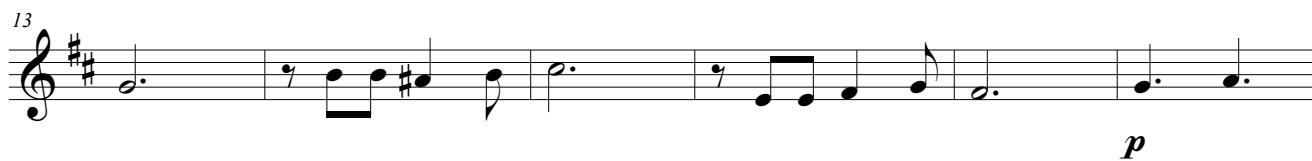
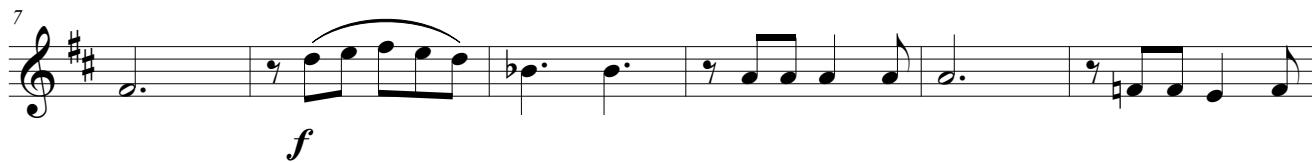
Violin

# LIBRES

(Bambuco)

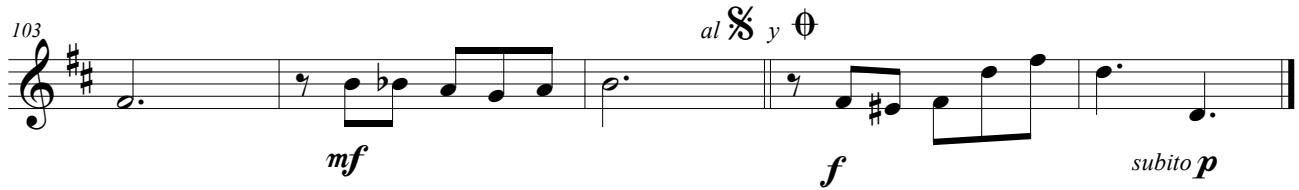
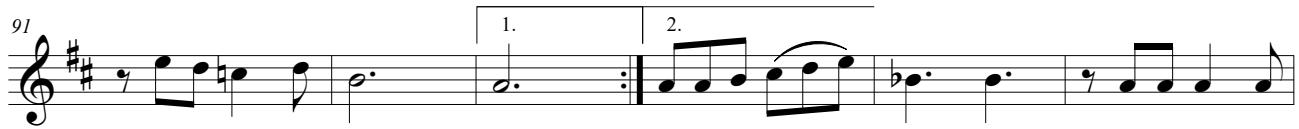
♩ = 90

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez



2

## LIBRES



Tiple

# LIBRES

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for measures 1-8. The key signature is G major (two sharps). The time signature is 6/8. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic (f) and ends with a measure rest. Measure 2 begins with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 3-4 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measure 5 is a measure rest. Measures 6-7 show another eighth-note pattern. Measure 8 ends with a dynamic marking *mf*.

Musical score for measures 9-16. The key signature changes to F# major (one sharp). The time signature remains 6/8. Measures 9-10 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 11-12 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 13-14 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 15-16 show a repeating eighth-note pattern.

Musical score for measures 17-24. The key signature changes to D major (no sharps or flats). The time signature remains 6/8. Measures 17-18 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 19-20 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 21-22 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 23-24 show a repeating eighth-note pattern.

Musical score for measures 25-32. The key signature changes to E major (one sharp). The time signature remains 6/8. Measures 25-26 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 27-28 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 29-30 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 31-32 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. A dynamic marking *p* is placed below the staff.

Musical score for measures 33-40. The key signature changes to A major (no sharps or flats). The time signature remains 6/8. Measures 33-34 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 35-36 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 37-38 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 39-40 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. A dynamic marking *mf* is placed below the staff.

Musical score for measures 41-48. The key signature changes to B major (two sharps). The time signature remains 6/8. Measures 41-42 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 43-44 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 45-46 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 47-48 show a repeating eighth-note pattern.

Musical score for measures 49-56. The key signature changes to E major (one sharp). The time signature remains 6/8. Measures 49-50 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 51-52 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 53-54 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. Measures 55-56 show a repeating eighth-note pattern. A dynamic marking *p* is placed below the staff.

## LIBRES

57 D B7 Em A7 F#m B7 

65 E7  A7 F#m B7

73 Em A7 D B7 Em A7 F#m B7 

81 Em A7 D 

89 1. 2. Cm F7 

97 B♭△ Em A7 

103 D B7 Em  

Guitarra

# LIBRES

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩.} = 90$

Letra y Música: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

1 *mf*

10

19 *Arpegio* *Rítmico* **p**

28 *Arpegio* **mf**

37 *Rítmico*

46

55 **p**

## LIBRES

64 E 7 *Ritmo* Em A 7 F#m B 7  
*mf*

73 Em A 7 D B 7 Em A 7 F#m B 7 Em

82 A 7 D  $\emptyset$  F  $\triangle$   
 91 Em 1. A 7 | 2. A 7 *Ritmo* C m F 7 B  $\flat$   $\triangle$  Em  
 100 A 7 D B 7 Em *al*  $\otimes$  *y*  $\emptyset$  *f* *subito p*

Soprano

# CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 137$

Jaime R. Echavarriaga  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The musical score consists of eight staves of music for soprano, set in 3/4 time with a key signature of two sharps. The tempo is indicated as  $\text{♩} = 137$ . The vocal line includes lyrics in Spanish, with some words underlined to indicate phrasing or stress. Measure numbers 24, 29, 34, 39, and 44 are explicitly marked above the staff. Dynamics such as **f**, **mf**, and **ff** are used throughout the piece. The lyrics describe a person's walk through a city street, mentioning various sights and feelings.

24 Cuan do voy por la calle  
no che y al mea cuer do de ti  
**f**

29 que co lle no de ale gri a y ga nas de vi vir  
me pa re ce que  
**mf**

34 fue ran las flo res mas bo ni tas el cie lo más ra dian te yel  
vi vo que vi voin ten sa men te y pa ra que tu sien tas lo

39 1. ai re más su til cuan does cu choen la que eres pa ra mi.  
**f**

44 Es toy e na mo ra do de tu vi da es  
**ff**

49 toy e na mo ra do de tua mor y ca da vez que

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

54

pien soen tu dul zu ra co mien zaa flo re cer mi co ra

59

zón mea cuer do que tú tie nes tu luz pro pia

*mf*

64

que siem preses tas son eien do pa ra mi y

*f*

69

vuel voa re vi vir en mi me mo ria la glo ria quele has

*f*

74

da doa mi vi vir Es toy e na mo da doa mi vi

*f*

103

vir la glo ria quele has da doa mi vi vir la

*mf*

109

glo ria queles has da doa mi vi vir

*f*

2

Flauta

# CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 137$

Jaime R. Echavarriaga  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for flute. Staff 1 starts at measure 8 with a dynamic **f**. Staff 2 starts at measure 13. Staff 3 starts at measure 18 with a dynamic **mf** and a forte dynamic **f**. Staff 4 starts at measure 23 with dynamics **p** and **mf**. Staff 5 starts at measure 28 with a dynamic **p**. Staff 6 starts at measure 34. Staff 7 starts at measure 39 with a dynamic **mf**. Staff 8 starts at measure 44 with a dynamic **mf**.

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

53

60

6 3

70 3 f

77

82 4 f

90 5 f

99 5 mf

109 2 f ff

Violin

# CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 137$

Jaime R. Echavarriaga  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of violin notation. Staff 1 starts with a dynamic *p* and changes to *f* at measure 10. Staff 2 starts with *mf* at measure 10. Staff 3 starts with *f* and *mf*, followed by a repeat sign and a section labeled '2'. Staff 4 starts with *p*. Staff 5 starts with *mf* and ends with *mf*. Staff 6 starts with a dynamic  $\Theta$  and a section labeled '5'. Staff 7 starts with a section labeled '3 pizz.' and ends with a section labeled '7'. Staff 8 starts with a section labeled '13 pizz.', followed by measures 25, 5, and 7.

Tiple

# CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 137$

Jaime R. Echavarriaga  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The musical score is composed of eight staves of music in 3/4 time, treble clef, key of G major (two sharps). The score includes the following sections:

- Staff 1: Measures 1-7. Dynamics: **f**. Chords: G major, C#7, F#m, G#7.
- Staff 2: Measures 8-14. Dynamics: **mf**. Chords: T, T, C#7, F#m, G#7.
- Staff 3: Measures 15-21. Dynamics: **f**. Chords: G#7, C#7, F#m, Bm, E7, A, Bm.
- Staff 4: Measures 22-28. Dynamics: **mf**. Chords: G#7, C#7, F#m, Bm, E7, A, Bm.
- Staff 5: Measures 29-35. Dynamics: **p**. Chords: C#m, Cm, Bm, E7, A, A#7, Bm, C#.
- Staff 6: Measures 36-42. Dynamics: **mf**. Chords: F#m, G#7, D7, C#7, C#7.
- Staff 7: Measures 43-49. Dynamics: **mf**. Chords: F#m, E7, E7, A, Bm, C#m, Cm, Bm.

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

50                      E7                      A                      C#7                      F#m

57                      B7                      E7                      Bm                      E7

64                      F#m                      D                      C#7                      E7

71                      F#m                      D                      C#7                      E7

78                      A                      E7                      A

85                      F#m                      G#7

92                      G#                      C#7                      F#m

100                      E7                      C#7                      F#m                      A                      D                      C#7                      F#m

108                      A                      D                      C#7                      D                      C#7                      F#m                      F#m                      C#7                      F#m

Guitarra

# CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 137$

Jaime R. Echavarriaga  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of guitar notation. Staff 1 starts with a dynamic *p* and a bass note. Staff 2 begins at measure 9. Staff 3 begins at measure 17. Staff 4 begins at measure 25. Staff 5 begins at measure 33. Staff 6 begins at measure 41. Staff 7 begins at measure 49.

Chords indicated in the music:

- Staff 1: E7, A, Bm, C♯m, Cm, Bm, E7, A
- Staff 2: A, C♯7, F♯m, G♯7, C♯7
- Staff 3: F♯7, Bm, F♯m, G♯, C♯7, F♯m
- Staff 4: F♯m, Bm, E7, A, Bm, C♯m, Cm, Bm, E7, A
- Staff 5: A♯7, Bm, C♯, F♯m, G♯, D7, C♯7
- Staff 6: C♯7, C♯7, F♯m, E7, E7, A, Bm, C♯m, Cm
- Staff 7: Bm, E7, A, C♯7, F♯m

## CUANDO VOY POR LA CALLE

57 B 7 E 7 B m E 7 A B m C♯m C m  
p

65 B m E 7 A C♯7 F♯m  
mf

73 D C♯7 E 7 A  
mf

81 E 7 A C♯7 F♯m  
F♯m

89 G♯7 C♯7 F♯7 B m F♯m G♯  
mf

98 C♯7 F♯m E 7 C♯7 F♯m A D C♯7  
p

107 F♯m A D C♯7 D C♯7 F♯m F♯m C♯7  
mf f ff

Soprano

# ME BORRARÁS

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 130$

Maria Isabel Saavedra  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The musical score consists of eight staves of music for soprano, arranged in two systems. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is 3/4 throughout. The tempo is indicated as  $\text{♩} = 130$ . The vocal line includes lyrics in Spanish, with some words underlined. Measure numbers 16, 22, 28, 34, 40, and 46 are marked above the staves. Dynamics such as **f**, **mf**, and **mf** are also indicated. The lyrics are as follows:

Me bo rrá rás de tu me mo ria de tu al ma de tu  
vi da, co mo se bo rra al gún e rror deor to gra fía. Co mo las  
hue llas deu na lar gay hon dahe ri da que no que re mos ni si quie ra re cor  
dar. Me bo rrá ras sin im por tar si me de rrum bo con un  
be so o sea dis tin to lo que di goy lo que pien so por que lo  
nues troes sim ple men teun im po si ble ha ber a ma does a pren der a re nun  
ciar. Me bo rrá ras, me bo rrá ras por que es lo úni co que es

## ME BORRARÁS

58

pe ro, aun que mis la bios te re pi tan que te quie ro. Me bo rra

64

ras por que ya no te per te nez co ya par tir dees te mo men to fue una his to ria que

70

con tar. Me bo rra rras yaun que nos due la cada in ten to, cuan do pa se mu cho

76

tiem po yo se ré una som bra más.

14

95

Me bo rra me bo rra rras yaun que nos due la cada in ten to

**f**                   **f**

100

cuan do pa se mu cho tiem po yo se ré una som bra más.

Fine

Flauta

# ME BORRARÁS

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 130$

Maria Isabel Saavedra  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

1

7

13

4

22

mf

2

p

35

mf

4

p

2

52

mf

## ME BORRARÁS

58

68

76

*p*

82

*mf*

94

*mf*

99

*p*

Fine

Violin

# ME BORRARÁS

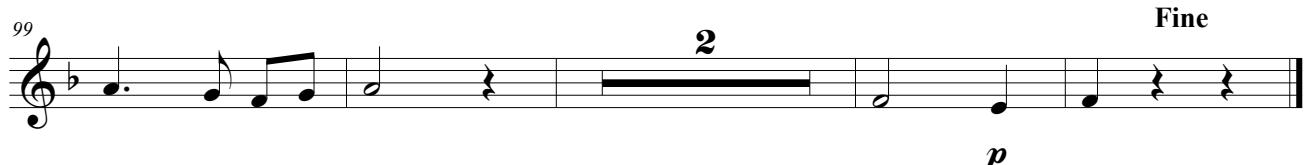
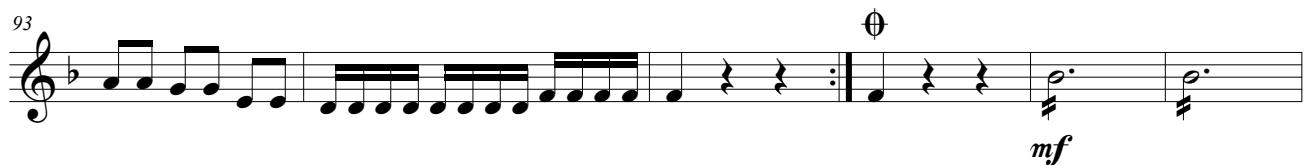
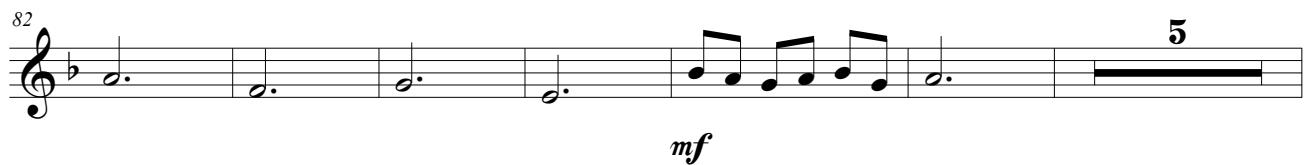
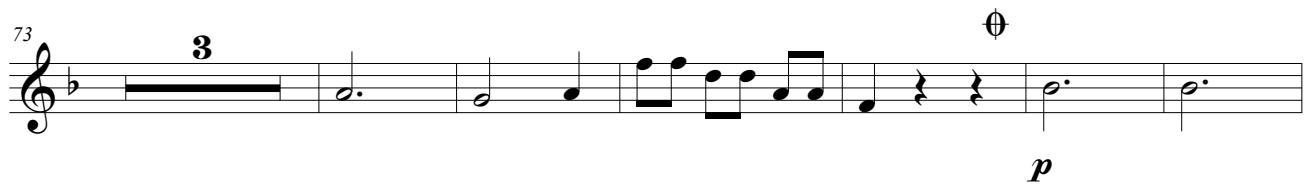
(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 130$

Maria Isabel Saavedra  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for violin. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is 3/4 throughout. The tempo is indicated as  $\text{♩} = 130$ . The music is divided into sections by measure numbers 8, 15, 23, 30, and 39. Dynamic markings include **f**, **p**, **mf**, and **2** (indicating a repeat sign). Measure 8 starts with a forte dynamic **f**. Measure 15 begins with a piano dynamic **p**. Measure 23 starts with **p**, followed by **mf**, and then **p**. Measure 30 starts with **mf**, followed by **p**, and then **mf**. Measure 39 starts with **p**. Measures 47 and beyond begin with **mf**.

## ME BORRARÁS



Tiple

# ME BORRARÁS

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 130$

Maria Isabel Saavedra  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Sheet music for a tiple (three-string guitar) in 3/4 time, key signature of one flat. The score consists of two staves. The top staff starts with a rest followed by a bass note. The bottom staff begins with a dynamic *mf*. Measures 1-7 show chords C7, F, B♭, Gm, and A7.

Sheet music for a tiple (three-string guitar) in 3/4 time, key signature of one flat. Measures 8-14 show chords Cm, D7, Gm, C7, F, B♭, and Gm. The measure numbers 8 and 14 are indicated above the staff.

Sheet music for a tiple (three-string guitar) in 3/4 time, key signature of one flat. Measures 15-21 show chords A7, Dm, and Gm. Measure 15 includes a dynamic *mf*. Measure 16 features a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. Measure 21 ends with a fermata over the Dm chord.

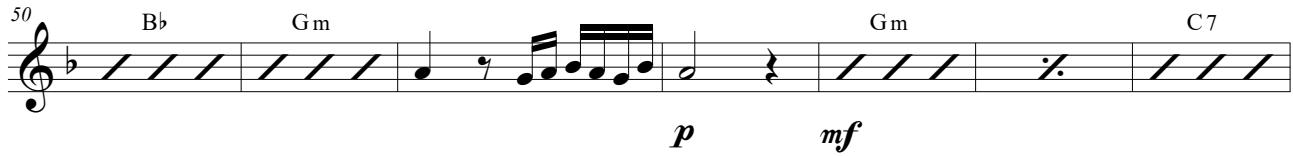
Sheet music for a tiple (three-string guitar) in 3/4 time, key signature of one flat. Measures 22-28 show chords Gm, C7, F, and E7. Measure 22 starts with a dynamic *mf*.

Sheet music for a tiple (three-string guitar) in 3/4 time, key signature of one flat. Measures 29-35 show chords A7, Dm, B♭, Gm, and A7. Measure 30 includes a dynamic *p*.

Sheet music for a tiple (three-string guitar) in 3/4 time, key signature of one flat. Measures 36-42 show chords Dm, Gm, and A7. Measure 36 starts with a dynamic *mf*.

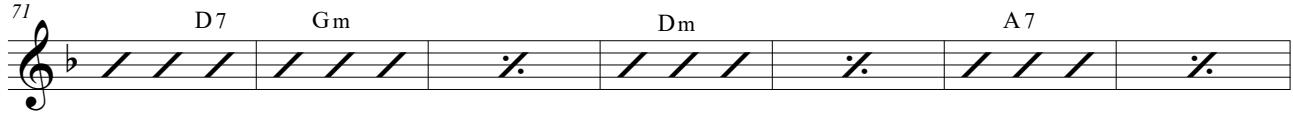
Sheet music for a tiple (three-string guitar) in 3/4 time, key signature of one flat. Measures 43-49 show chords E7, A7, and Dm. Measure 43 starts with a dynamic *p*.

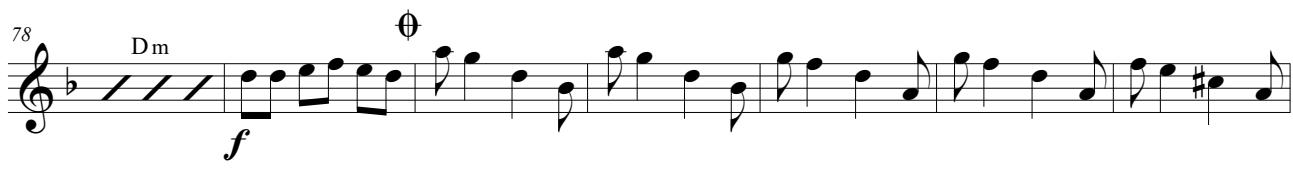
## ME BORRARÁS

50                    B<sub>b</sub>                    G m                    |                    G m                    C 7  


57                    F  

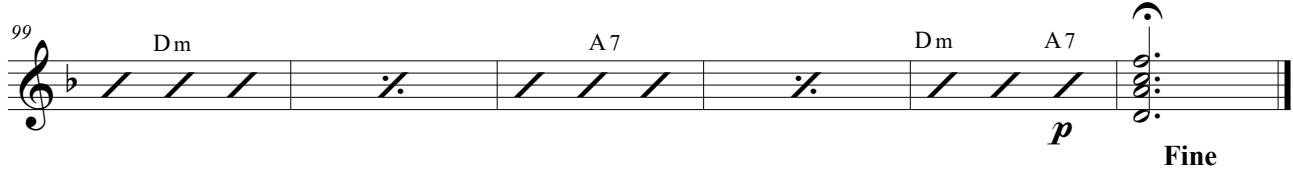

64                    |                    A 7                    C m  


71                    D 7                    G m                    D m                    A 7  


78                    D m                    |  


85  


92                    D m                    |                    D m                    G m  


99                    D m                    A 7                    D m                    A 7  


Guitarra

# ME BORRARÁS

(Vals)

$\text{♩} = 130$

Maria Isabel Saavedra  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of seven staves of musical notation for guitar. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 3/4 throughout.

- Staff 1:** Measures 1-7. Dynamics:  $\text{♩}$ ,  $\text{p.}$ ,  $mf$ . Chords: C7, F, B $\flat$ , Gm, A7.
- Staff 2:** Measures 8-14. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: C m, D 7, G m, C 7, F, B $\flat$ , G m.
- Staff 3:** Measures 15-21. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: A 7, D m, D m, D m.
- Staff 4:** Measures 22-28. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: G m, C 7, F, E 7.
- Staff 5:** Measures 29-35. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: A 7, D m, B $\flat$ , G m, A 7,  $\#G$ .
- Staff 6:** Measures 36-42. Dynamics:  $mf$ . Chords: D m, D m, G m, C 7.
- Staff 7:** Measures 43-49. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: F, E 7, A 7, D m.

ME BORRARÁS

2

50 B♭ Gm C7

57 F E7 A7

64 Gm Dm A7 Cm

71 D7 Gm Dm A7

78 Dm Gm Dm A7

85 Cm D7 Gm C7 F B♭

92 Gm A7 Dm Dm Gm

99 Dm A7 Dm A7

Soprano

# MUY NARIÑENSE (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 86$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

12                    8

Por siem prees ta rá pre sen\_\_\_\_ te en el  
es ro mán ti co mies pirí\_\_\_\_ tu cuan does

***mf***

24

to no de mi voz de cir de don de yo ven\_\_\_\_ go la tie rra de don de  
cu chaun trio can tar ya le gre co mo la cos\_\_\_\_ ta cuan do lle gael car na

***f***

29

soy pe da ci to de mi pa\_\_\_\_ tria por a lla mi ran doal sur. Soy  
val. Mi ra zaes de gen te no\_\_\_\_ ble que ri daen cualquier re gión, me

***p***

34

muy na ri ñen sey ten\_\_\_\_ go deA gua lon go su va lor  
pin toa ma ri lloy ver\_\_\_\_ de con or gu lloel co ra zón.

1.                    2.

39

Queim po nen te se veel Ga le\_\_\_\_

***f***

44

— ras siem pre pen dien te de mi Pas\_\_\_\_

***mf***

## MUY NARIÑENSE

49

to yel mar le gri ta des de le\_\_\_\_jos  
**f**

54

no se teo cu rraha cer le da ño. A moel bar  
**mf**

59

niz soy un po e\_\_\_\_ta y con las ma nos dear te  
**mf**

64

sa no, to coen mi gui ta\_\_\_\_rra com pa ñe ra en cual  
**f**

69

∅

15

quier par te del mun\_\_\_\_do el Cham bú y la Gua ne\_\_\_\_ña.

∅ ad libitum

89

9 do el Cham bú y la gua ne\_\_\_\_\_ ña.  
**f**

2

Flauta

# MUY NARIÑENSE

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 86$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation for flute. The first staff begins with a dynamic of *mf* and transitions to *f*. The second staff begins with *mf*. The third staff starts at measure 13, marked with a '2' above the staff, and ends with *f*. The fourth staff starts at measure 20, marked with a '3' above the staff, and ends with *mf*. The fifth staff starts at measure 30, marked with a '2' above the staff, and ends with *p*. The sixth staff starts at measure 37, marked with a '1.' and '2.' above the staff, and ends with a dynamic of *p*.

## MUY NARIÑENSE

59 **2**

66 **f**

72 **p**

78 **f** **p**

84 **f**

90

96 **ad libitum**  
**mf**

102 **f** **ff**

Violín

# MUY NARIÑENSE

(Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 86$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for Violin, page 1. The music is in 6/8 time, key signature is one sharp. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*. Measures 1-6 are shown.

Musical score for Violin, page 1. The music continues in 6/8 time, key signature is one sharp. Dynamics include *mf*. Measures 7-12 are shown.

Musical score for Violin, page 1. The music continues in 6/8 time, key signature is one sharp. Dynamics include *mf*. Measures 13-18 are shown.

Musical score for Violin, page 1. The music continues in 6/8 time, key signature is one sharp. Dynamics include *f*, *p*, *3*, and *mf*. Measures 19-24 are shown.

Musical score for Violin, page 1. The music continues in 6/8 time, key signature is one sharp. Dynamics include *pizz.*, *2*, *arco*, and *p*. Measures 25-30 are shown.

Musical score for Violin, page 1. The music continues in 6/8 time, key signature is one sharp. Dynamics include *p*. Measures 31-36 are shown.

Musical score for Violin, page 1. The music continues in 6/8 time, key signature is two sharps. Dynamics include *p*. Measures 37-42 are shown.

## MUY NARIÑENSE

58 **2**

*pizz.*

*mf*

*p*

*f*

*p*

*f*

*p*

*f*

*p*

*f*

*pizz.*

*mf*

*ad libitum*

*ff*

Tiple

# MUY NARIÑENSE

(Bambuco)

♩ = 86

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Sheet music for a tiple (a three-stringed bowed instrument). The score consists of six staves. The first staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by chords. Measures 2-7 show chords and rests. Measure 1 starts with a dynamic *mf*.

Sheet music for measures 8-14. The first staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by chords. Measures 9-14 show chords and rests. Measure 8 starts with a dynamic *p*, and measure 14 starts with a dynamic *f*.

Sheet music for measures 15-21. The first staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by chords. Measures 16-21 show chords and rests. Measure 15 starts with a dynamic *p*, and measure 21 starts with a dynamic *f*.

Sheet music for measures 22-28. The first staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by chords. Measures 23-28 show chords and rests. Measure 22 starts with a dynamic *p*, and measure 28 starts with a dynamic *mf*.

Sheet music for measures 29-35. The first staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by chords. Measures 30-35 show chords and rests. Measure 29 starts with a dynamic *p*, and measure 35 starts with a dynamic *p*.

Sheet music for measures 36-42. The first staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by chords. Measures 37-42 show chords and rests. Measure 36 starts with a dynamic *f*, and measure 42 starts with a dynamic *mf*.

Sheet music for measures 43-49. The first staff shows a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by chords. Measures 44-49 show chords and rests. Measure 43 starts with a dynamic *p*.

MUY NARIÑENSE

50 B m F#7 B m E 7 C#m C m

*mf* **p**

57 B m Bb7 A B m C#7

*mf* **p** **ø**

64 F#m E m A 7 D G 7 A F#7

*mf* **f**

71

78

85 E 7 A E 7

**mf**

92 A D D#7 C#m C m B m E 7 A B m

**ø**

99 ad libitum

*mf* **f** **ff**

Guitarra

# MUY NARIÑENSE

## (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 86$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for guitar, arranged in two columns. The first column contains staves 1 through 4, and the second column contains staves 5 through 8. Each staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature is 6/8 throughout.

**Staff 1:** Measures 1-7. Dynamics:  $\text{p}$ ,  $mf$ . Chords: E7, Am, Gm, C.

**Staff 2:** Measures 8-14. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: F, E7, Am, E7, Am, Dm, Am.

**Staff 3:** Measures 15-21. Chords: E7, Am, Dm, Am, E7, Am,  $\ddot{\text{z}}$ .

**Staff 4:** Measures 22-28. Dynamics:  $p$ ,  $mf$ . Chords: Am, B7, E7, Am, Gm, A7.

**Staff 5:** Measures 29-35. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: Dm,  $\ddot{\text{z}}$ , Dm, G7, C, Dm, Am.

**Staff 6:** Measures 36-42. Dynamics:  $mf$ ,  $p$ ,  $mf$ . Chords: E7, 1. Am, 2. C $\sharp$ m, C7, Bm7,  $\ddot{\text{z}}$ .

**Staff 7:** Measures 43-49. Dynamics:  $p$ . Chords: A, C $\sharp$ m, Cm, Bm, E7.

## MUY NARIÑENSE

50 B m F#7 B m E 7 C#m C m

*mf* **p**

57 B m Bb7 A B m C#7

*mf* **p** **Ø**

64 F#m Em A7 D G7 A F#7 B m

*mf*

71 E7 A arpegio B7

**f** **mf**

78 ritmo E7 A m arpegio A

**p.**

85 ritmo A Dm E7 A E7

92 A D D#7 C#m C m B m E 7 A B m

**Ø**

99 ad libitum

*mf* **f** **ff**

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. Staff 1 starts at measure 50 with chords B m, F#7, B m, E 7, C#m, and C m. Dynamics include *mf* and **p**. Staff 2 starts at measure 57 with chords B m, Bb7, A, B m, and C#7. Dynamics include *mf* and **p**, with a final **Ø**. Staff 3 starts at measure 64 with chords F#m, Em, A7, D, G7, A, F#7, and B m. Dynamics include *mf*. Staff 4 starts at measure 71 with chords E7, A, an arpeggio, and B7. Dynamics include **f** and **mf**. Staff 5 starts at measure 78 with chords E7, A m, an arpeggio, and A. Dynamics include **p.**. Staff 6 starts at measure 85 with chords A, Dm, E7, A, E7, A, and E7. Staff 7 starts at measure 92 with chords A, D, D#7, C#m, C m, B m, E 7, A, and B m. Dynamics include **Ø**. Staff 8 starts at measure 99 with an *ad libitum* instruction, featuring chords A, D, D#7, C#m, C m, B m, E 7, A, and B m. Dynamics include *mf*, **f**, and **ff**.

Soprano

# PUEBLITO VIEJO

(Vals)

José A. Morales  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

15

Lu ni ta con sen ti da col

f

19

ga da del cie lo, como un fa ro li to que

23

pu so mi Dios. pa ra quea lum bra ra las

mf

27

no ches ca lla das dees te pue blo vie jo de

31

mi co ra zón. 1. 2.

35

Pue bli to de mis cui tas de ca sas pe que ñi tas

f

39

por tus ca lles tran qui las co rrió mi ju ven tud.

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

43

En tia pren dia que rer por la pri me ra vez.

47

ynun ca me en se ñas te lo quees lain gra ti tud.

51

Hoy que vengo a tus la res, tra yen do mis can ta res

**f**

55

ycon el al ma en fer ma de tan to pa de cer.

59

Qui e ro pue bli to vie jo mo rirme a quién tu sue lo,

**mf**

63

ba jo la luz del cie lo queun dí a me vio na cer.

**16**

Pue bli to de mis cui tas

Flauta

# PUEBLITO VIEJO

(Vals)

José A. Morales  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for flute. Staff 1 starts with a dynamic **f**. Staff 2 begins at measure 6 with a dynamic **mf**. Staff 3 begins at measure 11. Staff 4 begins at measure 16 with a dynamic **mf**. Staff 5 begins at measure 22. Staff 6 begins at measure 30 with a dynamic **f**. Staff 7 begins at measure 35 with a dynamic **mf**.

Measure numbers and section markers are present: 1., 2., 3., 5.

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

Musical score for "PUEBLITO VIEJO". The score consists of eight staves of music, each starting with a treble clef and two sharps (F# and C#). The key signature changes at measure 54 to one sharp (G#), and then back to two sharps at measure 60.

- Measure 44:** The first staff begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth-note pairs. A dynamic marking *f* is present at the end of the measure.
- Measure 49:** The second staff features a sixteenth-note pattern. The dynamic *f* is placed below the staff.
- Measure 54:** The third staff starts with a dotted half note. The number "2" is written above the staff. The dynamic *mf* is placed below the staff.
- Measure 60:** The fourth staff begins with a sixteenth-note pattern. The dynamic *mf* is placed below the staff.
- Measure 65:** The fifth staff starts with a dotted half note. The number "6" is written above the staff. The dynamic *mf* is placed below the staff.
- Measure 75:** The sixth staff begins with a dotted half note.
- Measure 81:** The seventh staff begins with a sixteenth-note pattern. The dynamic *f* is placed below the staff.

Violín

# PUEBLITO VIEJO

(Vals)

José A. Morales

Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music for Violin consists of six staves of musical notation. Staff 1 (measures 1-5) starts in common time with a dynamic of **f**. Staff 2 (measures 6-10) continues in common time with a dynamic of **f**. Staff 3 (measures 11-15) shows a melodic line with eighth-note patterns and a dynamic of **f**. Staff 4 (measures 16-57) includes measures 16-21 in common time with a dynamic of **mf**, followed by measures 22-57 in 2/4 time with dynamics of **2**, **3**, and **f**. Staff 5 (measures 30-34) features a melodic line with eighth-note patterns and a dynamic of **f**. Staff 6 (measures 35-40) concludes with a dynamic of **mf**.

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

44 *arco*

49

*f*

54 2

60 *mf*

65 6 *mf*

75

81 *f*

Tiple

# PUEBLITO VIEJO

(Vals)

José A. Morales  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

Musical score for measures 1-6. The key signature is G major (no sharps or flats). The time signature is common time (indicated by '4'). The first measure has a fermata over the first note. Measures 2-6 show chords E7, Am, and E7 again. Measure 6 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

*mf*

Musical score for measures 7-12. The key signature changes to F major (one sharp). Measures 7-11 show chords Am, Dm, G7, and C. Measure 12 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

Musical score for measures 13-18. The key signature changes to E major (two sharps). Measures 13-17 show chords F, E7, Am, and Am again. Measure 18 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

*mf*

Musical score for measures 19-23. The key signature changes to A major (no sharps or flats). Measures 19-23 show chords A7, Dm, E7, and Am.

Musical score for measures 25-29. The key signature changes to G major (one sharp). Measures 25-29 show chords Gm, A7, Dm, and Am. Measure 29 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

*mf*

Musical score for measures 31-35. The key signature changes to A major (no sharps or flats). Measures 31-35 show chords E7, Am, and A. Measure 35 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

*f*

Musical score for measures 37-41. The key signature changes to B major (two sharps). Measures 37-41 show chords Bm, C#m, Bm, A, A#7, and Bm.

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

43

PUEBLITO VIEJO

43

E7      Bm      E7

*mf*

49

C#m      Cm      Bm

55

A      Em      A7      D      D

61

G7      A      F#7      Bm      E7      A

*mf*

67

*f*

73

79

*f*

Guitarra

# PUEBLITO VIEJO

(Vals)

José A. Morales  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation for guitar. The first staff starts with a fermata over the first measure. The second staff begins at measure 7. The third staff begins at measure 13. The fourth staff begins at measure 19. The fifth staff begins at measure 25. The sixth staff begins at measure 31. The music is in 3/4 time throughout. The key signature changes from E major (no sharps or flats) to B major (one sharp) at the end. The lyrics are in parentheses above the notes. Dynamic markings include *p.*, *mf*, and *f*.

1. PUEBLITO VIEJO (Vals)

2. PUEBLITO VIEJO (Vals)

3. PUEBLITO VIEJO (Vals)

4. PUEBLITO VIEJO (Vals)

5. PUEBLITO VIEJO (Vals)

6. PUEBLITO VIEJO (Vals)

## PUEBLITO VIEJO

43

*mf*

49

C<sup>#</sup>m Cm Bm

55

A Em A7 D D

61

G7 A F<sup>#</sup>7 Bm E7 A

*mf*

67

F<sup>#</sup>7 Bm E7 A

73

A<sup>#</sup>7 Bm E7 Bm

80

E7 Bm E7 Bm

*f*

Soprano

# TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 115$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

15      add libitum      **4**      a tempo      **5**      rit.      **2**

To cay can ta vie jo ti ple      be llas me lo dias de anta ño con  
**f**      **mf**

20      las que se ena mo ra ron to dos mis an te pa sa dos en to nan nue vas can

25      cio nes to das lle nas dee mo cio nes e res ban de ra yes cu do de mi fol  
**p**

30      klor co lom bia no      cuan do ela mor to ca la puer  
**f**

35      ta de un co ra zón ena mo ra do

40      en el si len cio de la no che  
**p**

45      so na ráun ti ple ilu sio na do cuan do se  
**mf**

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

50

50

sien te muy a den tro ese or gu llo de co lom bia

55

— no sien to que ape sar de to do lo que *mf*

60

di gan lo que ha gan se ré de cas ta co lom bia na

65

to ca ti ple dan zas pa si llos bam bu cos *f*

70

val ses ra ja le ñias to ca gua bi nay tor be lli *mf*

75

— no to ca ti ple lo que quie ras *f*

80

con mis diez de dos y tus cuer das va mos ti ple com pa ñe ro

85

co men ce mos ya la fies ta.  $\emptyset$

90

**12** **11**  $\emptyset$  **Fine**

ta.

Flauta

# TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 115$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

*add libitum*

*a tempo*

*f*

*rit.*

*add libitum*

*a tempo*

*mf*

*p*

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

61                          **4**                          **2**

*mf*

**p**                          ***mf***

**3**

**3**

**Φ**

***mf***

**93**

**100**                          ***tr***                          **3**

***p***

**109**

***f***                          **Fine**

Violin

# TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩} = 115$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

*add libitum*

**3**

*a tempo*

**f**

**pizz.**

*rit.*

*arco*

*add libitum*

**mf**

*a tempo*

**3**

**3**

*a tempo*

**mf**

**4**

**p**

**9**

*pizz.*

**p**

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

60    **4**                                  **2**                                  **arco**

Tiple

# TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩.} = 115$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music for Tiple de Amor y Festa (Bambuco) is arranged in eight staves. The first staff starts with a dynamic of *mf* and includes markings *add libitum* and *a tempo*. The second staff begins with a *rit.* (ritardando) and contains chords E, F°7, F♯m, B7, A, A♯7, G♯m, C♯7, F♯m, B7, and E. The third staff starts with *add libitum* and ends with *a tempo*, featuring chords E, F°7, F♯m, and B7. The fourth staff begins at measure 23 with a dynamic of *p* and includes chords F♯m, B7, E, F°7, F♯m, B7, A, A♯7, G♯m, C♯7, F♯m, and B7. The fifth staff starts at measure 31 with a dynamic of *mf* and includes markings *a tempo*,  $\perp$ ,  $\top$ , and *mf*, featuring chords G♯m and C♯7. The sixth staff begins at measure 39 with a dynamic of *p* and includes chords F♯m, C♯m, and F♯. The seventh staff begins at measure 47 with a dynamic of *mf* and includes chords B7, E, G♯m, and C♯7.

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

55 F♯m A m D 7 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B 7  
*mf*

63 B 7 A m D 7 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B 7  
*mf*

71 F♯m B 7  
*f*

79 B m E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m  
*f*

87 B 7  
*mf*

95 ritmo  
*f*

103

III Fine  
*f*

Guitarra

# TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA (Bambuco)

$\text{♩.} = 115$

Rolando Chamorro Jiménez  
Arreglo: Rolando Chamorro Jiménez

The sheet music for 'TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA (Bambuco)' is written for guitar in G major (three sharps) and 8/8 time. The music is divided into sections by measure numbers: 1-6, 7-14, 15-22, 23-30, 31-38, and 39-46. The first section (measures 1-6) starts with a dynamic of *mf* and includes a performance instruction *add libitum*. The second section (measures 7-14) ends with a dynamic *rit.* The third section (measures 15-22) starts with *add libitum* and ends with *a tempo*. The fourth section (measures 23-30) ends with a dynamic *p*. The fifth section (measures 31-38) includes dynamics *mf* and *p*, and a performance instruction *a tempo*. The sixth section (measures 39-46) includes dynamics *p* and *mf*. The chords labeled above the staff are: A (measure 1), B7 (measure 2), E F°7 F♯m B7 (measure 7), A A♯7 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B7 E (measure 8), E F°7 F♯m B7 (measure 15), F♯m B7 E F°7 F♯m B7 (measure 23), A A♯7 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B7 (measure 31), G♯m C♯7 (measure 32), F♯ (measure 33), F♯m (measure 34), C♯m (measure 35), C♯m (measure 36), F♯ (measure 37), B7 (measure 38), G♯m (measure 39), and C♯7 (measure 40).

## TIPLE DE AMOR Y FIESTA

55 F♯m A m D 7 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B 7  
*mf*

63 B 7 E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B 7  
*mf*

71 B 7 E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B 7  
*f*

79 B m E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m  
*mf*

87 B 7 E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m B 7  
*mf ritmo*

95 B 7 E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m  
*mf*

103 B 7 E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m  
*mf*

110 B 7 E 7 A D 9 G♯m C♯7 F♯m Fine  
*f*

**EL AUTOR**  
**ROLANDO CHAMORRO JIMÉNEZ**

Músico, compositor, arreglista y productor musical nacido en Ricaurte - Nariño - Colombia.

### **Estudios**

- Maestro en música y guitarra egresado de la Pontificia Universidad Javeriana de Bogotá.
- Magister en Educación, de la Universidad de Nariño.
- Estudios de música colombiana y latinoamericana en la Academia Luis A. Calvo de Bogotá.
- Estudios de inglés en Centro Colombo-Americanano de Bogotá.

### **Premios**

- Gran premio “Príncipes de la Canción Garzón y Collazos” - Ibagué 1998.
- Primer puesto concurso “Jorge Villamil Cordovéz” con la obra “Nos gusta vivir así” - Neiva 1998.
- Primer puesto Festival Universitario “Fesucanto” con la obra “Muy nariñense” - Manizales 2004.
- Mejor requinto de Colombia “Mangostino de Oro” – Mariquita (Tolima) 2009.
- Gran premio “Mono Núñez” con el Cuarteto Colombia y Consuelo López - Ginebra 2006.

### **Conciertos**

- Biblioteca Luis Ángel Arango – Bogotá.
- Auditorio Universidad del Tolima.
- Teatro Jorge Eliécer Gaitán – Bogotá.
- Teatro Municipal – Cali.
- Teatro Imperial – Pasto.
- Auditorios Luis Carlos Galán y Pablo Sexto, Universidad Javeriana – Bogotá.
- Club San Fernando – Cali.
- Auditorio Universidad del Cauca.
- Planetario Distrital – Bogotá.
- Auditorio Sayco – Bogotá.
- Club del Comercio – Pasto.
- Auditorio Luis Santander Benavides - Universidad de Nariño.

### **Como arreglista y productor musical**

- Trio Martino C.D. 1987.
- Música tradicional del Amazonas “Arbeláez y Ramírez” 1988.
- Trio los Tres – 1993.
- Villamil tradicional -1998.
- Dueto Tradiciones – 1998.
- Por ti Colombia - Dueto Tradiciones -1999.
- Sabor a miel -Trio Cantoral – 2000.

- Vieja luna- Trio Cantoral – 2002.
- Amada mía-Trio Cantoral – 2004.
- Locura mía-Jaime Enríquez – 2005.
- Muy nariñense-Consuelo López – 2006.
- Cantoral de rumba- Trio Cantoral – 2007.
- Consuelo López - Johana Coral – 2007.
- Te quiero -Trio Cantoral – 2009.
- Julio Cesar Villota - El Emperador – 2012.
- Vanesa Montenegro-Soy- 2012.
- Nuestra música campesina de frack – 2013.
- Mujeres románticas – Boleros – 2013.
- Trio Cantoral Instrumental – 2017.

## **Publicaciones**

- Colombia y Ecuador en seis cuerdas de guitarra. Recital 1.
- Colombia y Ecuador en seis cuerdas de guitarra. Recital 2.
- Colombia y Ecuador en seis cuerdas de guitarra. Recital 3.
- Nueve obras colombianas para coro mixto.
- Diez obras para pre-orquesta de cuerdas sinfónicas.
- Diez obras para guitarra solista.
- Diez obras nariñenses para guitarra solista. Recital 1 (Misterio).
- Diez obras nariñenses para guitarra solista. Recital 2 (Convicción).
- Diez obras nariñenses para guitarra solista. Recital 3 (Luz).
- Acuarelas andinas I, música de los andes colombianos.

## **Como Docente**

- Docente de la cátedra de Guitarra, Universidad Javeriana – 1995.
- Docente de la cátedra de Guitarra, Academia Superior de Artes de Bogotá ASAB - 1995 – 1998.
- Talleres de Guitarra funcional en Confamiliar, Sena, Universidad Cooperativa, Cesmag y Secretaría de Cultura de Pasto. 2002 – 2010.
- Docente de la cátedra de Guitarra, en la Universidad de Nariño desde el 2005 hasta la fecha.



**Editorial**  
Universidad de Nariño

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Para continuar contribuyendo en la preservación y divulgación de la música tradicional colombiana, se presenta el segundo recital para soprano y grupo de cámara, el cual contiene diez arreglos de las obras más destacadas de los compositores colombianos del siglo XX, quienes se visten de frac en un formato: voz, flauta, violín, tiple y guitarra; utilizando elementos armónicos y contrapuntísticos propios de la academia, que combinados junto a los timbres de estos instrumentos, da como resultado un excelente material que puede ser utilizado para cualquier presentación.

Este trabajo, va dirigido a estudiantes de pregrado, músicos profesionales, autodidactas y a quienes puedan sacar provecho de este material didáctico y presentarlo en diversos escenarios. Por otra parte, se pretende que se despierte en los estudiantes la inquietud por la composición, realizar arreglos y continuar interpretando música tradicional colombiana dentro de los programas de música y de profesionalización de las diferentes entidades de educación superior.

En este material, se puede encontrar diez arreglos de obras que tienen como base los ritmos de bambuco, pasillo y vals, los cuales pretenden fortalecer la divulgación y preservación de la música colombiana en los espacios académicos tanto nacionales como internacionales. Además, cada una de las obras cuenta con su score y las partes de cada uno de los instrumentos de las mismas, adicionalmente y como apoyo cuenta con los audios de los respectivos arreglos para ayudar a tener una idea general de la sonoridad de estos.



**Editorial  
Universidad de Nariño**